

# PACKERS' CASES RESUMED TODAY

Preliminary Pleas In Suits Heard Before  
Judge Humphrey.

HAVE BEEN DELAYED SIX MONTHS

Present Trials Will Determine Whether Or Not Commis-  
sioner Garfield Violated Constitutional  
Rights Of Packers.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-McRAE.]  
Chicago, Ill., Jan. 17.—After six  
months' delay the hearing of the pre-



COMMISSIONER GARFIELD

liminary pleas in the cases against

the meat packers accused of conspir-  
acy to restrain trade began this morn-  
ing. The issue of this trial is merely  
to determine whether or not the  
constitutional rights of the packers  
were violated by Corporation Com-  
missioner Garfield when he forced  
them to produce their business rec-  
ords for an examination by his de-  
partment. Judge Humphrey presides  
and twenty of the shrewdest lawyers  
of the country are engaged in the  
case.

## Adjourned Till Two

Immediately after the court con-  
vened the judge announced that be-  
cause former Judge Hynes, one of  
the packers' attorneys, was suffering  
from sore throat and could not speak,  
the case would be postponed to two  
o'clock this afternoon. Hynes is to  
make one of the principal prelimi-  
nary addresses. The jury, upon being  
questioned, was found to be in good  
health all around and able to pro-  
ceed.

## Later Adjournment

This afternoon a later adjournment  
until two o'clock on Thursday was  
taken.

# COOPER VOTED TO REDUCE TARIFF ON THE TOBACCO

Also To Allow Importation Of Philippine Sugar  
--Only Wisconsin Congressman  
To Do So.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-McRAE.]

Washington, Jan. 17.—The Philip-  
pine tariff bill passed the house Tues-  
day night by a vote of 253 to 71. Fifty-  
seven Republicans and fourteen  
Democrats voted against the bill.  
The Democrats who voted against  
it are from the rice and sugar states  
of South Carolina, Florida, Louisiana  
and Texas. The Republican members  
who are recorded against it are from  
states in which sugar beets are grown.  
The Williams substitute, granting  
immediate free trade between the  
United States and the Philippine Is-  
lands, was voted down by a strict  
party vote of 231 to 106.

The spectacularly conducted cam-  
paign of the beet sugar Republicans  
ended where it was predicted it would  
end, in utter failure. The "insurgent"  
Republicans refused to affiliate with  
the Democrats in taking the differen-  
tial duty off sugar.

Representative Champ Clark of Mis-  
souri offered an amendment to the  
bill providing for the taking off of  
one-half of the differential duty on  
sugar. He pointed out that this  
would loosen the hold of the sugar  
trust on the sugar industry of the  
United States and would result in  
cheapening sugar to the consumer.

Leave Democrats in Lurch.  
It was upon this amendment that  
the Democrats expected to receive the  
aid of the "insurgent" Republicans.

Immediately after the amendment  
was read Representative Payne, floor  
leader for the Republicans, made a  
point of order against it as not being  
germane to the bill pending.

"I'm afraid the hog's eye is set,"  
Mr. Clark said, "but I want to speak  
on the point of order." Mr. Clark ap-  
pealed to the Republican "insurgents"  
to join with him in pushing the  
amendment and was followed by mi-  
nority leader John Sharp Williams.

An effort sustained by the Demo-  
crats, but opposed by all but three  
Republicans, was initiated by Mr. Mc-  
Call of Massachusetts to commit the  
United States to the policy of grant-  
ing independence to the Philippine  
islands as soon as their inhabitants  
can be prepared for self-government.

Amendments Are Smashed.  
Taking up the Philippine bill for  
amendment, Mr. Payne secured the  
adoption of the committee amend-  
ment, when William Alden Smith  
sought recognition for twenty-five  
minutes. On Mr. Payne's objection  
Mr. Smith retorted: "Why, sir, in my  
twelve years' service in this house I  
have not occupied the floor as long as  
the gentleman held it in opening  
the debate on this bill."

Mr. Smith was given twenty min-  
utes on the statement that he did not  
altogether hold the views of the op-  
ponents of the bill. Mr. Smith con-  
tended that the bill would not only  
not assist the Philippines, but would  
be detrimental to them. He offered  
an amendment raising the duties on  
sugar and tobacco to the Dingley  
rates, and this was defeated, 71 to 197.

An amendment defining the purpose  
of the United States in the Philip-  
pines to be to fit the islands for self-  
government and to give them inde-  
pendence when they have reached the  
proper state was offered by Mr. Mc-  
Call (Mass.). Mr. Payne at once  
raised the point of order that the  
amendment was not germane to the  
bill.

Chairman Olmsted ruled the amend-  
ment was not in order, supporting the  
ruling of a long line of precedents.

The decision of the chair was sus-  
tained by a rising vote of 198 to 123.  
Mr. McCall (Mass.), Hoar and For-  
ner (Mich.) being the only Republi-  
cans voting to sustain the appeal.

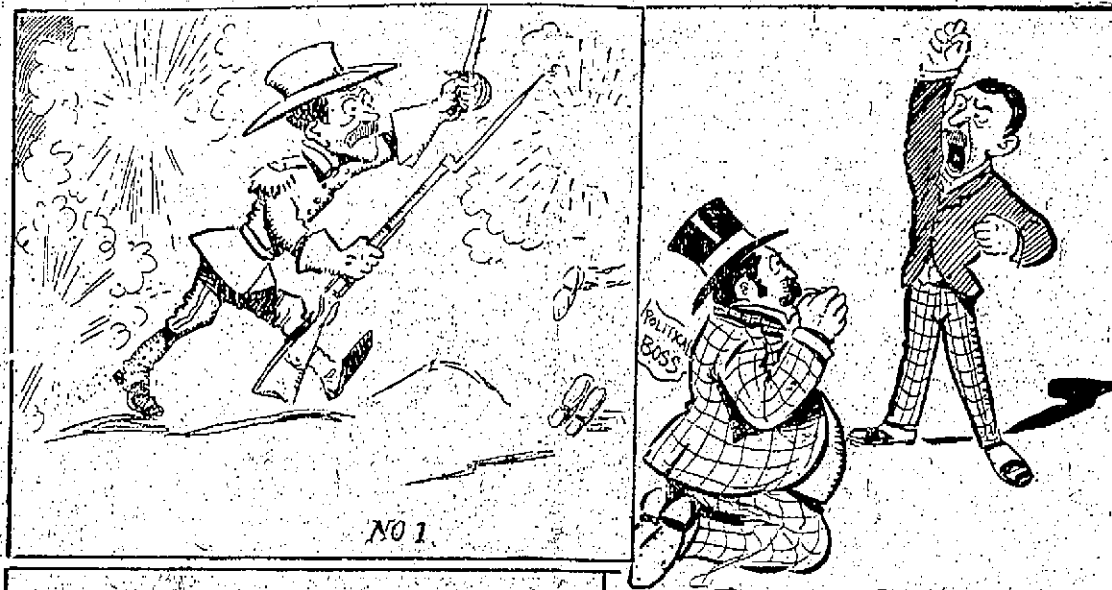
# REBELLION OF SOLDIERS IN MANCHURIA THREATENS

Chinese Activity In Neighborhood Also En-  
dangers Russian Influences...Other  
Troubles Anticipated.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-McRAE.]

St. Petersburg, Jan. 17.—News-  
paper advices published here today say  
that the attitude of the soldiers in  
Manchuria is constantly growing  
more threatening toward the govern-  
ment. The gravest consequences are  
feared. Chinese activity in Mongolia  
is endangering the Russian influence

there. It has been decided to sta-  
tion troops all along the frontier in  
an effort to quiet the dissatisfied Chi-  
nese and restore the Czar's prestige.  
It is generally understood that a  
state of siege is to be proclaimed for  
Sunday and Monday in anticipation of  
the trouble when the people have  
planned to celebrate the first anni-  
versary of "Red Sunday."



No. 1.



No. 2.

No. 3. When little Willie hears the old man tell of how he won over half of the battles in the war, how the bosses all fear him, how the business men all run to him for advice—then little Willie cannot get it through his head why his old man has ever been overlooked to fill either the Mayor's or Presidential chair.

## CONFEDERATE VETS IN ANNUAL REUNION

New Orleans. Gathering Place of  
Those Who Wore the Gray in  
Slavery Fight.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

New Orleans, La., Jan. 17.—The an-  
nual reunion of confederate veterans  
opened here today. Several thousand  
confederate veterans from all parts  
of the south are in the city and more  
are still arriving here with every  
train. The local camps of the con-  
federate veteran organizations and  
allied organizations had made ex-  
tensive preparations for the reception  
and entertainment of the visiting  
veterans and they are meeting with  
a most hospitable reception. The  
opening session of the fifteenth an-  
nual convention of the Louisiana di-  
vision of United Confederate Veterans  
will be called to order in memorial  
hall this evening and it is expected  
that the attendance will be larger  
than for several years. The veterans  
will be welcomed by the mayor of the  
city and the leading officers of the  
local camps. A number of prominent  
speakers are on the program for the  
opening session.

The state convention of the United  
Sons of Confederate Veterans will  
meet here at the same time and the  
members of the latter organization  
will probably attend the camp fire  
meetings of the United Veterans,  
which will be held every evening dur-  
ing the convention.

## STATE NOTES

A freight train on the Omaha road  
broke in two at Millston and several  
cars were demolished. No one was  
injured.

The Columbia County Fair associa-  
tion has elected Christian Hecker of  
Cambria, president. The fair will be  
held in Portage, Sept. 4, 5, 6 and 7.  
Members of the Devere Lodge of  
Eagles, accompanied by a brass band,  
at Chilton Monday night. Initiated  
sixty candidates and then installed a  
lodge of Eagles in that city.

The Columbia County Medical as-  
sociation has elected Dr. E. C. Meach-  
er of Portage, president; Dr. B. L. Cook  
of Columbus, vice-president; and Dr.  
Jones of Randolph, secretary and  
treasurer.

After having been in Portland but  
fifteen months, and yet unknown in  
politics, James Cole, a former Trem-  
pealeau young man, has won the ap-  
pointment as deputy United States  
district attorney for the district of  
Oregon.

The big dynamo of the Kenosha  
Gas and Electric Light companies  
broke Monday night and as a result  
the city was plunged in darkness for  
nearly the entire night. Merchants  
were forced to use lamps and lan-  
terns to show their stocks, while pri-  
vate residences were lighted with  
candles.

In the county court at Kenosha,  
Mrs. Susan Achten of Chicago was  
named as guardian for Peter Achten,  
the Chicago millionaire who is under  
indictment there on a charge of as-  
sault with intent to murder his son,  
John Peter Achten. Achten is reput-  
ed to have a large amount of prop-  
erty in Chicago, but his holdings in  
this county were small.

Charged with securing \$775 from  
Edward Rosendall of La Crosse coun-  
ty on Sept. 1 while serving as state  
treasury agent at La Crosse, John  
Sofia was arrested at Madison by  
Sheriff Houghton of La Crosse county.  
It is charged that he did not turn  
the money over to the state treasury.  
Rosendall, who is a peddler, says  
Sofia asked him how much money  
he had, taking it all, amounting to  
\$775, for a license. The specific  
charge is larceny as baillee.

## REGENTS DECIDED TO BACK UP THE FACULTY

May Abolish Football at the Univer-  
sity—Death to All Athletic  
Sports.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Madison, Wis., Jan. 17.—The re-  
gents of the University of Wisconsin  
are standing by the faculty and Pres-  
ident Van Hise in two important po-  
licies. One is to bring about the sus-  
pension for two years of intercolleg-  
iate football contests. The other is  
to put a stop as much as possible to  
the practice of members of the fac-  
ulty and staff of instruction slighting  
their university work in order to aug-  
ment their incomes by outside work  
for the state, for corporations and  
by attending to private business mat-  
ters of such extent as to necessitate  
division of time in their university  
work. This latter policy of President  
Van Hise resulted at the semi-annual  
meeting of the board of regents yes-  
terday in the resignations of two of  
the leading professors in the faculty.  
Professor William D. Taylor, for  
years while holding a professorship  
in the department of mechanical en-  
gineering, drew a salary of \$2,000 a  
year as expert assistant to the state  
tax commission in the work of fixing  
the value of the railroad property  
of the state. He thus drew two sal-  
aries simultaneously from the state  
treasury. His resignation was accept-  
ed by the regents yesterday. Profes-  
sor C. A. Van Velsor, professor of  
mathematics, who for years has re-  
quired his students to purchase the  
text book in algebra written by him-  
self and Professor C. S. Slichter, de-  
voted a large part of his time to the  
management of a fuel corporation in  
this city and his resignation was  
called for by President Van Hise and  
accepted by the regents yesterday.  
The text book matter has never been  
considered a bad feature, for many  
professors follow similar practices.  
Professor B. W. Snow requires the  
200 or more students in his physics  
classes to pay \$4 a year for notes of  
his lectures, it being understood that  
no satisfactory text book is available  
for his course. It is the matter of  
duplication of salaries at the expense  
of time for which the state is sup-  
posed to be paying that is repugnant  
to the president of the university and  
to the board of regents. Professor C. S.  
Slichter devotes months each year as  
engineer for large western irrigation  
corporations, and it is understood that  
his subsidiary income is so rich that  
he will give up his university posi-  
tion in preference to retraining from  
performing services for the large com-  
panies.

President Van Hise is not an ex-  
tremist in this policy. He recognizes  
that the exclusive services of some  
experts, particularly in technical de-  
partments, are not available to the  
university for the salaries paid by  
the state. For some 15 years, while  
he was professor of geology here, he  
received substantial salaries from the  
state government as a member of  
various boards and commissions, from  
the federal government as a member  
of the national geological survey, and  
as special lecturer in geology at the  
University of Chicago. It is only  
when the professor is giving up too  
much of his time to non-university  
work and is slighting the work for  
which he was hired by the university,  
that he believes the line should be  
drawn. The first manifestation of this  
policy was when President Van Hise  
communicated to the Madison board  
of education that the payment of a  
salary to Professor E. A. Bredin for  
work in musical instruction in the  
city schools was objectionable.

## EX-GOVERNOR HOARD DELIVERS ADDRESS

Fort Atkinson Man Speaks to Penn-  
sylvania Stock Breeders and  
Dairymen.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 17.—Several  
hundred stock breeders and about as  
many dairymen from different parts  
of this state are assembled here to at-  
tend the joint convention of their re-  
spective state organizations. Both  
conventions, that of the Pennsylvania  
Live Stock Breeders' association and  
of the Pennsylvania Dairymen's union  
opened their sessions here this morn-  
ing and this evening they will hold a  
joint meeting. Speakers for the  
dairy union will be, Ex-Governor W.  
D. Hoard of Wisconsin; C. B. Lane,  
of the dairy division of the United  
States department of agriculture;  
Dr. J. L. Hills, director of the Ver-  
mont experiment station; E. M. Bal-  
ley, of the McKinstry-Straight Dairy  
company and Prof. H. E. Norman,  
late of Indiana, now Pennsylvania's  
instructor in dairying. At the joint  
meeting tomorrow night the Live  
Stock Breeders' association will be  
represented by a number of dis-  
tinguished speakers, among them Ex-  
Governor Hoard and Prof. Hills. Joseph  
E. Wing, who will speak on Al-  
falfa, Prof. Carl W. Gay, of the Ohio  
state university; B. O. Cowan, assist-  
ant secretary of the American Short-  
horn Breeders' association; John P.  
Ray, the famous breeder of fine wool  
sheep and Prof. B. E. Carmichael, di-  
rector of animal industry of the Ohio  
station, who will speak on "Hogs."

## CITY OF CHICAGO WILL BE CLEANS

Mayor Dunne Stands Firm on Order  
to Purge Dive District in  
Down Town Portion.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 17.—The owners  
of the dives clustered around the low-  
er part of the down town business  
district have been notified by the  
chief of police that they will not be  
tolerated in that locality after May  
1, 1906. This announcement at first  
caused considerable consternation and  
surprise among the owners, who are  
mostly ward politicians of considerable  
pull and have heretofore en-  
joyed immunity if not actual protection  
from the democratic administration.  
After a while they began to  
doubt the sincerity of the police de-  
partment and came to the conclusion  
that the order was merely a scheme  
to throw sand into the eyes of the  
public, which had become thoroughly  
disgusted with the lawless condition  
of certain disreputable streets close  
to the business district. The mayor  
received information that the dive  
owners did not seem to fear any  
serious interference and were making  
no preparations to move from the for-  
bidden district. Thereupon he sent  
word to them through the police de-  
partment, that the order issued was  
preemptory and meant exactly what  
it said. Since then there has been  
considerable activity among the poli-  
ticians of the wards in which these  
dives are located and several efforts  
have been made to induce the mayor  
to rescind the order, or at least, ex-  
tend the time. Mayor Dunne has de-  
clined, however, to rescind or in any  
way change the order.

Gazette wants reach 10,000 people.

# FUNERAL PARTY LEFT NEW YORK

The Remains Of The Late Marshall Field Are  
En Route For Chicago Today.

HE LEAVES AN IMMENSE FORTUNE

His Estate Is Valued At Millions Of Dollars--The Mer-  
chant Prince Of America--Vast Properties  
He Owned.

[Special by Scripps-McRAE.]

New York, Jan. 17.—A special train  
bearing the body of Marshall Field  
and party consisting of relatives and  
friends left for Chicago at eleven  
o'clock this morning.

Mr. Field's fortune is estimated at  
from \$150,000,000 to \$200,000,000. His  
holdings of stocks and bonds generally  
are estimated to approximate \$100,  
000,000, although with the exception  
of his ownership of Chicago bank  
shares, there is no public or specific  
record of his investments. Director-  
ships held by him indicate a large in-  
terest in such properties, but he was  
also an extensive owner of securities  
in companies in which he was not  
represented on the board of directors.  
It is known that he constantly was  
seeking investment for surplus funds  
in interest or dividend bearing secu-  
rities. He did not tie up money in pro-  
motions or unproductive property,  
and consequently it is believed his  
estate will prove to be extremely  
liquid and clean.

Mr. Field is credited with having  
been the largest individual holder of  
the stock of the Pullman company,  
the total capital of which is \$7,000,  
000. He was a larger holder, even  
than the Pullman estate. It would be  
a mere guess to say that his own-  
ership of Pullman amounted to 25,000  
shares, with an approximate market  
value of \$7,500,000. He was a di-  
rector in the company, and his record  
of dividend disbursements has been  
such that he might not be expected to  
have been a holder of any less amount  
of the stock than indicated.

His Chicago & Northwestern rail-  
way company Mr. Field was also a di-  
rector and one of the largest individ-  
ual holders. Here, again, he could be  
accorded a liberal amount of interest,  
for the Chicago & Northwestern is in  
the top class of railroad securities,  
and holdings of \$5,000,000 should not  
be far amiss.

In the United States Steel corpora-  
tion Mr. Field was a director and in  
this concern there was associated with  
him one of his most trusted advisers.  
Mr. Field had close relations with J.  
P. Morgan & Co., and in the good  
things which that firm fathered, it is  
common report that Mr. Field was in-  
terested largely. Here, again, there  
could be no public certainty as to  
what Mr. Field owned. Other men  
with whom he was associated were  
large owners, and if he was suffi-  
ciently interested to become a director it  
may be reckoned that his holdings ran  
into several millions of dollars.

Mr. Field was a director in the Chi-  
cago, Rock Island and Pacific railway,  
the operating or money earning com-  
pany, and he was also a director in  
the Rock Island, the holding company.  
"Large interest" must convey the idea  
of his holdings. His opinions were  
actively consulted in this property,  
and right or wrong, he was credited  
with being one who advised the sus-  
pension of dividends on the preferred  
stock of the Rock Island company.

Investment in Stores.  
As president and director of Mar-  
shall Field & Co. he had, of course,  
his largest single investment. The re-  
tail store in State street alone was  
credited with gross earnings in 1905

of \$22,000,000. Two years ago, the  
profits of the retail house were under-  
stood to have been something like  
\$3,750,000. In the last two years the  
business has grown in such percent-  
age that the net profits for last year  
must have been between \$4,000,000  
and \$5,000,000, the greater portion of  
which went to the president of the  
firm. But the retail establishment was  
only one branch of his investment in  
the dry goods business, for his whole-  
sale house must be considered, and  
his foreign factories.

In Chicago, outside the investment  
in his own business, and the Pullman  
company, Mr. Field was owner of street  
railroad shares, and Chicago Edison  
shares. His largest street railroad in-  
vestment was in Chicago City railway.  
He held in the latter between 5,000  
and 10,000 shares, which approximate  
\$200 each, making his holding worth  
between \$1,000,000 and \$2,000,000. He  
was the largest individual holder of  
the stock of the Chicago Edison com-  
pany, which has a capital of \$11,220,  
000. He held 500 shares of the old  
Chicago West Division Street railway,  
which, before the present troubles,  
was valued at \$600 per share.

His bank stock holdings in Chicago  
were as follows: Merchants Loan &  
Trust, 2,800 shares; market value  
\$1,024,000; Illinois Trust & Savings  
\$1,000; \$600,000; First National, \$500;  
\$155,000; Northern Trust, \$200; \$105,  
000; Corn Exchange, 125; \$50,000.  
This speculation as to Mr. Field's  
security holdings can be extended  
with some assurance to the prop-  
erties in which he was a director, out-  
side of his own interest in other Chi-  
cago concerns. But he must have  
been the purchaser of millions of  
bonds, for those who were in any  
way familiar with his investments  
declared he sought none but the high-  
est grade. The stability of a bond  
as an investment must have appealed  
to him on the score of safety as  
against the larger yield to be had on  
stock investments.

Millions in Realty.  
Marshall Field's Chicago realty hold-  
ings, on a conservative estimate, will  
approximate \$33,000,000 in value. His  
central business holdings make up  
about \$31,000,000 of this amount,  
while the great warehouse properties  
of Marshall Field & Co. on the west  
side, the block owned by him at the  
southeast corner of Drexel boulevard  
and Forty-seventh street, property at  
Downer's Grove, and his residence on  
Prairie avenue make up the remain-  
der.

Property in New York.  
Mr. Field was also a large owner  
of New York realty, his principal  
holding comprising a large part of  
the block on Fifth avenue between  
Thirty-first and Thirty-second streets.  
The acquisition of this property a  
few years ago was the occasion for a  
report, which was promptly denied,  
that it was bought as a site for a  
great New York retail store for Field  
& Co. Considering the present atti-  
tude of values along Fifth avenue  
near that point, it is thought this hold-  
ing is worth in the neighborhood of  
\$5,000,000.

## LATE TELEGRAMS.

### Falliers Elected.

Versailles, Jan. 17.—The official  
ballot accredits Falliers, with 449  
votes and Dunne with 371. The vice-  
president of the senate made the offi-  
cial announcement to the national as-  
sembly that Falliers is elected.

### Is Convicted.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Henry Wulff, for-  
mer state treasurer, and Justus Lobb,  
associated with Wulff in the Conti-  
nental Finance company, were each  
sentenced today to two years in jail  
and fined a hundred dollars apiece.  
They had pleaded guilty to having  
used the mails to defraud.

### Private Pension Bills.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Private pen-  
sion bills were considered in the  
house today numbering 182. One is  
for an increase for Ann Betts, a wid-  
ow of a soldier of the War of 1812.

### A Committee.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 17.—John  
Mitchell, the miners' president, to-  
day appointed committees, the most  
important being the wage scale com-  
mittee.

### New Resolution.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Senator Cul-  
bertson offered a resolution to which  
the senate agreed, demanding Sec-  
retary Taft to inform the senate wheth-  
er any official, civil or military, owns  
land in the Philippines and if so its  
location, relative to the route of the  
proposed railroads.

## TWO WEDDINGS OF SOCIAL PROMINENCE

Boston. Alderman and Merchant  
Marries Beautiful Young  
Lady of Charleston.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Boston, Mass., Jan. 17.—Alderman  
Edward L. Conley, a long politician  
and business man of this city, and  
Miss Della M. Ney, one of the most  
beautiful society girls of Charle-  
stown, were married here this morn-  
ing. The wedding took place in the  
St. Catherine's church, to which Miss  
Ney has belonged for a number of  
years. Miss Ney has been prominent  
in social and church circles for  
several years and is a general favorite  
in the younger social set.

### In Columbus, Ohio.

Columbus, O., Jan. 17.—The wed-  
ding of Mr. William McK. Smith,  
owner of Trinity hall, where the mili-  
tary school is, and Mrs. Lucy Butler  
Patton, which will take place here  
this evening, promises to be one of  
the most brilliant social events of the  
season. Both the bride and the bride-  
groom are prominent in society and  
their engagement a few months ago  
attracted considerable attention here  
and in other cities, where the two  
have numerous acquaintances. After  
an extended wedding tour Mr. and  
Mrs. Smith will make their home in  
Washington, Pa.



## SIMON SMITH IN A LENGTHY TALK

BEFORE COUNTY BOARD GAVE COMPLETE VINDICATION OF BUILDING COMMITTEE

Clearing Up Certain Misunderstandings Regarding the Filing Case Bids—District Attorney Also Sustained Position.

W. M. Van Slyke probably enjoys the distinction of having been the first man within the past decade, at least, to take up a collection from the county board of supervisors while it was engaged in actual session. Granted permission to speak immediately after roll call, he announced himself as a representative of the Western Seamen's Friend Society which tries to reach and better the lives of sailors and longshoremen and the boys and girls of the almost forgotten dock districts through twenty-two Bethel homes established in the ports of the Great Lakes. He called attention to the fact that there are 4,746 commissioned craft on these fresh water seas, carrying commerce far exceeding that of the Atlantic ocean. Seventy thousand men find employment thereon and when they come into a harbor they must go somewhere and it is likely to be the saloon and the gambling houses. The success of these Bethel homes, he thought, might be indicated by the fact that a single one had an attendance for lodging, reading, board, etc., last year of 280,268, or an average of 716 daily for the entire year. It was the story, in working with children in the dock districts that it is better to make men and women of them at the outset than to try to re-make them in the penal institutions afterwards. The speaker said that he put in five months each year in Wisconsin and seven in Michigan and had been engaged in the work for twenty-one years. After the collection had been taken up it was counted at the gentleman's request and a receipt for the \$3.82 turned over to Chairman Livermore. The \$320 claim of Dr. R. L. Smith for professional services and the \$72 claim of J. E. Daily for board for one Constant Winters, a Beloit man who fell out of a window at Johnsons' Creek and fractured several bones last spring, were referred to the district attorney, with the understanding that he should give a report on the legality of the claims at the November meeting. Little delays of this kind may tax the patience a trifle but the county board is a deliberative as well as a deliberative body.

**Detailed Discussion Cleared Air.** After long argument, sharp questioning and cross-questioning, ill-natured rejoinders and divers attempted rebukes of the press, the impropriety caused by the act of the building committee in permitting the Art Metal and Construction company of Janesville, Wis., to change certain specifications for the vault, filing cases, etc., and submit a new offer of \$1,500 after having previously made a bid of \$1,575 alongside the Library Bureau company of Chicago's bid of \$1,520, was cleared up to the satisfaction of nearly everyone concerned. If the members of the building committee has taken the trouble to make a clear and comprehensive statement of all the facts, accessible to no one else, when the "cloud" first appeared on the horizon, there would never have been any trouble beyond a passing criticism, perhaps, of the wisdom of the procedure.

F. R. Coudrey Spoke. The facts presented by F. R.

WHAT DO YOU CARE? YOU'VE GOT YOUR HEALTH.

Great Natures Do Not Despair at Disappointment—They Look For Something Else to Do.

The broadminded man of today does not get blue just because things don't always come his way unless there is something the matter with him. If he "falls down" on one proposition he immediately starts to look up another. He always looks forward and keeps on hustling. A man with his health and faculties has plenty of opportunities and the man who gives up or even feels like it has either a small nature, or some physical weakness.

Dyspepsia certainly puts the best of men out of condition for work of any kind. You cannot blame the dyspeptic for getting blue. The very nature of his disease is most depressing and calculated to deprive him of ambition, energy and hope. There is hope for him, however, certain and sure.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are recognized throughout the length and breadth of the land as the one cure that's safe and sure. Their unbounded popularity—resulting from the thousands and thousands of cures they have effected—prove, beyond the shadow of a doubt, their greatness as a cure. Wherein lies their greatness? In the very fact that they are Nature's own simple remedy. They do the exact work in exactly the same way that the digestive fluids of the stomach do because they are composed of exactly the same elements and possess the same properties. They relieve the weak and worn out stomach of its burden of digestion and permit it without let or hindrance to rest and grow sound and well. The stomach will get well quick enough in its own natural way if it is let alone. That is what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do. They not only let it alone themselves but make the food taken into the stomach do the same.

You can satisfy yourself of the truth of this statement by putting the food you would eat into a glass jar with sufficient water and one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. The process of digestion will be taken up and carried out just as the gastric juice and other digestive fluids would do it. Their action is natural and they cause no disturbance in the digestive organs. In fact you forget you have a stomach when they begin to do their work, so mild and natural is the operation. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50c a box.

Coudrey, representing the Library Bureau Co., have been given in some detail in previous issues. When a hearing was granted him yesterday he said he had not come to try to secure the contract, as he no longer was anxious for it, but that he had made statements and was there to back them up. He then took up the details of the correspondence he had with the county clerk, and Simon Smith, chairman of the building committee. By dint of many inquiries he at length gained an idea of what the fixtures were that were wanted and he then went to Chicago to draw up the plans. When he next appeared here Mr. Smith said bids would not be received until November 24. On this occasion Mr. Coudrey admitted that he was impolite enough to look over the shoulder of one of the committee members and stated that in so doing he saw the Art Metal Co.'s bid and that it was in handwriting and for \$1,575. When the contract was subsequently awarded to the Art Metal Co. for \$1,500 he said that he asked Mr. Smith what right he had to allow the bid to be changed and that the latter retorted by asking him what he entered into the bidding for when he was not wanted, or something to that effect.

**What He Told Committee.** Mr. Coudrey paused here but Mr. Smith insisted that he go on, urging him so to do with the question and injunction: "And what did you say to that? Go on! Tell the board all that you said." "I'll do it," replied Coudrey. "I said that I came here to keep him from making too much money and to protect the taxpayers of Rock county."

Mr. Smith: "Didn't you say also that if it hadn't been for you the sum of \$2,500 would have been paid for the same fixtures that cost us \$1,500, and that you were the one who prevented us from paying \$1?" Mr. Coudrey admitted this and showed by some figures and price lists that if it had been for him the fixtures had been purchased at much higher rates as he claimed they were for the registrar of deeds' office a year ago, the purchase price would have approximated \$2,500. These prices, he said, hadn't changed in seventeen years, owing to an agreement among the manufacturers. There was no cut—no discount to anybody; but when competing the firms got what they could for them.

**Simon Smith Is Heard.** When Mr. Coudrey had finished, Supervisor Simon Smith arose and commenced an address in which he reviewed the whole matter from beginning to end. He said that he would casually speak at the outset of an article which appeared in the Janesville Gazette on or about December 2, which he understood was paid for as an advertisement. That article not only made some insinuations but also some direct statements. The insinuations were that the former building committee of the county board had probably gotten some graft from former bidders. In an editorial appearing in the same paper, some time later, the question was asked: "Is there any graft in Rock county?" If any member of the present board could find any corporation with which the building committee had ever dealt with, of which or by which bribes were ever asked or offered, he would be willing to face the music.

**Case of No Competition.** That article also stated that the board had been paying 100 per cent more than it ought for fixtures and the like. A few years ago the board had ordered the building committee to procure metal work for the vaults. In a correspondence with the various companies it was learned that all were in a combine and that the prices furnished by one would be the same as another. This was the worst sent to a St. Louis firm which offered, notwithstanding this fact, if the local board wanted to deal with it, to send a man here to take measurements, etc., providing his expenses should be paid. The committee did not regard this as a good proposition and let the contract to the Art Metal Construction Co. The job was accepted and no fault was found with it.

**No Need To Advertise.** Two years ago the last board appointed a committee to look over the registers room and see what was needed—and there was not a single member of the building committee in this delegation. This committee embodied in a report a resolution that the building committee place in the rooms all the necessary filing cases, shelving, etc. The same publicity was given to that resolution as to this one. There is no need of advertising these things—every daily paper has a correspondent for the building's trade journals as well as the Chicago and Milwaukee papers, and the people who furnish the supplies are always on the lookout. So it was known all over the country within a few days that Rock county wanted these filing cases, etc. Yet no one but the Art Metal Co., through its Chicago agency, answered. The committee supposed the same conditions of combination obtained as had existed theretofore and that the concerns were not bidding against one another. So the only bid was for \$1,477. The speaker could not see where the money was to come from, even if it did pay \$500 more for them than it would have to pay today. There was no competition.

**A Question Answered.** When the last transaction occurred the committee was unaware that any different conditions prevailed. Mr. Smith said that he did not know as he calculated to, intimate that the committee wouldn't take bids. As a matter of fact the first firm to make inquiries was one from Youngstown, Ohio. The committee replied to their first letter with the statement that a definite plan of what was to be done had not been formulated. When later the bids came they were filed with the clerk and the committee did not know their contents. The gentleman (Coudrey) had stated that it would cost \$2,500. There was not a man within his hearing who could say that he had made such a statement. What he had said was that it would cost not over \$1,700, if the work was done in the manner finally determined upon. The speaker determined upon. The gentleman (Coudrey) interrupted at this juncture and asked Mr. Smith if when the appropriation for the vault building was first discussed, he had not said that it would cost in

## THREE HUNDRED FIFTY PRESENT

LOCAL VETERANS ENTERTAINED ROYALLY LAST EVENING.

NINETY FROM OUT OF TOWN

Enjoyable Program of Addresses and Music Given While Company Smoked.

With a smoker and program which could be typical of but one organization in the world, and that the Grand Army of America, the members of the Rockford Post number 54, G. A. R., the Twelfth light club, the press and the clergy of this city were entertained most enjoyably last evening by W. H. Sargent, Post number 20, G. A. R. The gathering was held in the East Side Odd Fellows hall and though the chairs were placed close together and completely filled the floor space but few were not occupied and by actual count the number present was three hundred and forty. Sixty-one of these, representing eight different states, were from Rockford and twenty-eight from Beloit. The Line City delegation came in two sections, the first over the steam railroads and the second over the electric line. The latter arrived at half-past seven and with them were the Forest City veterans. The Rockford "boys" were headed by the well-known Colonel Tom Lawler and brought with them their veteran drum corps. They were met at the station by the reception committee and to the time of those old pieces to which they stepped in the sixties they marched to the hall.

**A Hearty Welcome.** At the door the guests were extended a hearty welcome by ten members of the host: S. C. Cobb, E. O. Kimberley, J. L. Bear, D. B. Heimstreet, W. J. McIntyre, J. F. Carle, Laban Fisher, J. H. Bliss, James G. Wray and L. H. Lee. At eight o'clock the company was called to order by Captain Pliny Norcross, chairman of the arrangement committee. The first number on the program was music by the Rockford Veteran Drum Corps, consisting of P. H. Talbot and Fred Baclivier, snare drummers; Victor Miller, bass drummer; and Archie Miller, fifer. The air rendered was one of those good to the heart of every veteran. The Ladies Glee Quartet, composed of A. J. Cleveland, first tenor; E. Van Pool, second tenor; J. S. Taylor, first bass; and George G. Paris, second bass, then in song welcomed the guests. The selection was "Welcome Tonight" and was loudly applauded, but the presiding officer refused to allow an encore, stating that none would be permitted, the program being counted on to fill the evening.

**Capt. Norcross Speaks.** The address of welcome was delivered by Hon. Pliny Norcross. He told how the Twelfth club had honored the veterans in a way that was the most pleasing. They had filled the soldiers with the best of "rations" from soup to ice cream, given them the best of cigars to smoke, even told them to take home all that were left, and then called on a number to tell some stories of the war. The clergy had always welcomed them and from the time of their organization the Post had been honored on many occasions with special divine services. In certifying the Rockford veterans and their members of the best equipped army post in the country were their guests. The Forest City soldiers were also headed by gallant commander and noble man, Colonel Thomas G. Lawler, whose standing was shown by his record in the Grand Army. He has been elected to the office of Post Commander thirty-nine consecutive times, reaching over a period of thirty-six years and at the same time had served both as Department Commander of Illinois and Commander in Chief. From the most enterprising and prosperous town in southern Wisconsin, Beloit, came a distinguished delegation. In that town one of the first companies to answer the initial call for troops was raised. In closing Mr. Norcross extended to all a cordial, hearty welcome.

**Song for Wisconsin.** Col. E. O. Kimberley, feeling that Wisconsin should have a song in memory of her civil war soldiers as Illinois has in her "Illinois" composed for the Balgar state a song appropriate both in words and music. The title is "Wisconsin's Sons Who Wore the Blue" and was sung with much success by the author. Prof. W. T. Thiele played the accompaniment. Mr. Kimberley received compliments from all sides, Col. Lawler and others congratulating him. Quartermaster Bear was then ordered to pass the cigars. It was not long after he and his assistants had complied before the atmosphere was blue with fragrant smoke. At the same time an extra number was given. H. H. Stone of Rockford read an original poem. The subject was a dream inspired in the author by the words of Captain Norcross at a meeting in the Forest City. The story, told in pretty verse, was of the various men who presented themselves to St. Peter on the Judgment Day. Men entered Heaven and Hell according to the records of their lives, but when the veteran of the civil war who had offered his life as a sacrifice for others appeared, he was passed on into the gate at the right, without a question.

**The Lobster Quartet.** Rev. T. R. Sturbridge, who being a Methodist minister sportively refused to stand on a platform as small as the one used by other speakers, spoke in a most pleasing manner, filling his talk with bright humor. He believed that America was surely a chosen country for a chosen people. The southern and northern continents, which contain a larger area than all other continents together, are blessed in many ways. But above all, a nation finds its greatness in the men God has given it. The United States finds hers in Washington, Lincoln, Roosevelt, Grant, Logan and Lawler. Each one of these is a fulfillment of a prophecy and a promise of the future. As the flower is the fulfillment of the pro-

phesy of summer and a promise of another. The Lobster quartet of Rockford then sang. The music and words stirred up wild enthusiasm and merriment and the applause was long and liberal. The four members were: Colonel Lawler, Dr. McAffee, William Andrews and Jeff Abbott.

**Two Responses.** In behalf of the Twelfth club Hon. M. G. Jeffers responded to the address of welcome. His talk, spiced with witty stories, was according to the general verdict, all too short. He told of the reverence in which the President of the United States was held in Great Britain and in many churches of that Empire King Edward, his family and President Roosevelt are prayed for at each service. No other crowned head of Europe, though related to the English royal family, is ever mentioned. This is evidence of the fact that Great Britain believes that the United States, which the Grand Army Boys saved from destruction, is a solid rock on which Anglo-Saxon civilization is being founded. The new arrangement of "America" by Herbert Johnson of Boston was then sung by the Lotus quartet. Prof. W. Irving Maurer, Assistant Principal of Beloit Academy, represented the Line City veterans and bore home to the host and guests the message that the generation which is still younger than that represented by the Twelfth club has for the men who preserved the Union. His address was a scholarly production on individualism. That individualism represented by the veterans is the kind that makes order out of chaos, that surrenders to the State what one dares not enjoy alone. In contrast the speaker called attention to the individualism of Napoleon which places one man above the state at the expense of other men and can stand only for chaos. The individualism of the Union soldiers defined through their battles of the sixties is the kind that stands for true citizenship. And so the veterans should be revered not for their bravery and suffering, but for their self-sacrifice in establishing the individualism, which if maintained, will perpetuate this country.

**Col. Lawler Speaks.** The Lotus quartet then sang "The Battle Cry of Freedom" and the audience joined in the chorus with enthusiasm and spirit. Three of the Lobster quartet were summoned to the front and "Old Glory" was rendered in a manner that set the listeners wild with laughter. The solo was sung by Dr. McAffee. The last address of the evening was given by Col. Lawler. He congratulated the local Post on the esteem in which they were held by the Twelfth club and Wisconsin upon the record she made in the war, having furnished a large number of troops, according to her population, than any other state. He spoke of the great men which Illinois could boast of and of the wonderful leaders from Wisconsin, and added that it was his delight that in coming to Janesville it was hard to discover where Illinois left off and Wisconsin began. But the state from which each soldier came did not make any material difference. All were American volunteers. These men went into the army without a bit of experience in even carrying a musket and came out four years later the best trained, best organized and strongest army in the world composed of the "toughs" who had stood all the hardships of war. If there had been any spirit of imperialism in the nation there was never a greater opportunity for establishing a monarchy than at that time. But there was not. The nation had been saved, the duty of the army was done and all anxiously returned home to civil life.

**Share Drum Solo.** P. H. Talbot, the Post musician of Rockford, furnished a snare drum solo that recalled to the minds of the soldiers the days of the war. Mr. Talbot was the drummer of Company A, twenty-fourth Illinois, and holds a good company record. In closing the entire company joined in singing "America" under the leadership of Col. Kimberley. The success of the event is due largely to the untiring efforts of the members of the arrangement committee—J. L. Bear, Pliny Norcross and E. G. Harlow.

**SHIRT WAIST CLUB HAD VERY ENJOYABLE DANCE**

Affair Was Held in Central Hall Last Evening and Attended by Forty Couples.

At Central Hall last evening the Business Suit and Shirt Waist Club enjoyed one of its pleasant dancing parties, the full Knelt & Hatch orchestra furnishing the music. The next affair is to be held on the night of Tuesday, Jan. 20.

**FUTURE EVENTS**

Harry Connor in comedy, "Mrs. Temple's Telegram," at Myers theatre Thursday, Jan. 18.

Jefferson and Janesville high school basketball teams meet in local gymnasium Friday evening, January 19.

Whitney's production of musical play, "Piff! Paff! Pouf!" at Myers theatre afternoon and evening, Saturday, Jan. 20.

**LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT**

Olive Lodge No. 27, Degree of Honor, A. O. U. W., meets at hall.

Interior Freight Handlers' union at Trades' Council hall.

Federal Labor union.

## SHIP SUBSIDY A PROBLEM TO ALL

REPORT OF ARMY OFFICERS MADE BY SECRETARY TAFT.

WOULD AID THE SHIPPING

On the Basis of Thus, Increasing the Value of the Army for Transportation.

By William Wolf Smith. (Special correspondence.) Washington, D. C.—A most interesting analysis of the needs of army transport service has been forwarded by Secretary of War Taft to Senator J. R. Gallinger, of New Hampshire, chairman of the joint commission on merchant marine, who laid the same before the senate yesterday. It was compiled by a special committee of the general staff, of which Lt. Col. S. Leach, was chairman, and transmitted to the secretary through General Chaffee, chief of staff. As the first report of its kind, it is properly a matter of much interest. In closing the committee of the general staff: "So far as concerns the interests of military transports, any subvention, subsidy or other assistance rendered by the United States to the American merchant marine, will produce the greatest return for the money expended, if the legislation is so framed as to require or strongly encourage the construction of ships of the two sizes and with the proportion and arrangements described in this report. This enforcement of the shipping bill by the general staff of the army through Admiral Dewey, its president, brings about amendments in line for the bill and it is expected that recommendations made by the first time will go far toward assisting the passage of the bill through the house."

The frankness of the general staff in commenting on the transport service in the Spanish war and drawing a comparison between what shipping is now available and what should be available in time of war, is almost astonishing and conveys a plain lesson. Speaking of the Santiago expedition of 1898 the report says that the quartermaster's department "chartered every American vessel that could be obtained in the Atlantic ports in the twenty days following the declaration of war." As a result of this strenuous endeavor it obtained only thirty-six vessels averaging 2,500 gross tons and of these but two were over 4,000 tons. "The official records" it continues "afford ample evidence that the safe arrival was due to the good fortune of continued fine weather. A severe storm encountered would have scattered the fleet, probably with great loss of life, and would have defeated the object of the expedition. There is nothing except its successful arrival to justify its departure. The fitting up of these ships was little more than nominal. \* \* \* No cooking could be done on board except to make coffee. Sanitary arrangements were crude and insufficient. Of ventilation there was practically none. \* \* \* This fleet of ships could not have embarked, under reasonable over-sea transport conditions, a force of more than 8,000 or 10,000 men, and when so embarked the expedition could have been dispatched on a long voyage, only at great jeopardy of the welfare of the men, and of the success of the enterprise. \* \* \* Continuing the report comments on the fact that in this small and badly equipped fleet were all the vessels obtainable without the impressment of American or purchase of foreign ships." As to the present condition the general staff makes the following striking comment: "It appears that now and for the immediate future, the force for which our military establishment is maintained cannot be exerted over sea. The first blow, so very and increasingly important, cannot be struck at all, nor can an expedition of any greater size be embarked without delay except by the use of foreign vessels. This condition cannot improve until American sea-going merchant marine has increased in tonnage to approximately two and a half times its present volume, by the addition of ships adapted in size and design to quick conversion into suitable transports and built under conditions which make their voluntary surrender to the United States on demand a foregone conclusion." As such provisions are contained in the shipping bill, it is heartily approved by the war department.

In discussing the needs of the United States as to transport service, the report of the general staff says: "The quantity which should be available or procurable is that which will permit the United States to put forth its entire military strength at any distance and in any direction that circumstances may require. To meet this condition there should be available by the time a force can be mobilized from the regular establishment and the organized militia, a fleet sufficient to take the force and thereafter, either by return of vessels of the first fleet, or by the procurement of additional ones, there should be ships in readiness to take the troops as fast as they can be raised, equipped and made ready for service. No force which is organized and ready to sail should ever be required to wait for ships in which to sail."

The report then enters into a long and somewhat technical discussion of the requirements for a proper transport service. It says that it is indispensable to the best results that each ship shall carry a tactical unit of troops, with its complete equipment and supply. This arrangement makes the entire transport fleet perfectly elastic and adaptable. The dominating unit is that of the infantry regiment, with fifty officers, 1,500 men, 50 horses, 150 mules and 400 tons of freight, including camp equipment and subsistence and forage for six days. Calculations set forth in detail lead to the estimate of three gross tons per man and nine gross tons per animal, which will include coal and stores. This gives a ship of 6,500 tons to transport a regiment. For squadrons of cavalry with 10 officers, 400 men, 9 civilians and 500 animals, a ship of 5,200 tons would be required; for a battalion of engineers with 16 officers, 668 men and

500 animals one of 6,174 tons; a battalion of artillery, 18 officers, 450 men and 450 animals, one of 5,100 tons; field division hospital, 28 officers, 472 men, 50 civilians and 475 animals, 5,480 tons, while a company of the signal corps, with four officers, 150 men and 60 animals, could go along with a ship of 1,000 tons. Taking as a unit a "division" with 9 infantry regiments, one cavalry regiment, three artillery battalions, one engineer battalion and one company signal corps, 4 field hospitals and 180 ammunition and supply wagons, it is estimated that ten 6,500 ton ships and nine 5,500 ton ships would be required for each division. Two divisions could be made ready in fifteen days, requiring twenty of the larger and eighteen of the smaller ships. As an expedition may be necessary from either the Atlantic or Pacific coast, there should be a suitable number of ships aloft on either side. It is estimated that no more than one-third of the ships aloft could be made available in fifteen days so that sixty of the larger and thirty-four of the smaller should be aloft on each ocean or a total of 120 of the larger and 108 of the smaller, an aggregate of 228 vessels. Even at this, if all these vessels were available at one time there could be a total of only 225,000 men transported. The board finds that the amounts of 2,368,000 tons, where in 1904, all the tonnage of the American steam merchant marine was fifty-seven seagoing vessels of 260,000 tons and upwards, with a total of 400,000 tons. And this, the report notes, includes the very fast Atlantic liners which would be taken by the navy for scouting purposes, and some very large ships that would not be generally serviceable. "In short," says the report, "to strike the quick blow of a force corresponding to our military establishment, would require practically all the American shipping of suitable character in Atlantic waters and more than the entire tonnage in Pacific waters."

If you enjoy muffins and waffles, try Mr. Austin's Pancake Flour and you will be delighted with the results.

ROCK COUNTY DRUGGISTS: DINED AT BELOIT HOSTELRY

Several Pharmacists from Here and Their Wives Attended Meeting.

The annual dinner given by the Rock County Druggists' Association at the Hotel Hilton in Beloit yesterday noon was attended by the following from Janesville: Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. George E. King, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Heimstreet, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward O. Smith. During the business session held after the dinner the ladies enjoyed themselves at a social session in the parlors.

**HARROWING TIME ON FLOODED ROAD**

Barley Fanning, His Child and a Horse Had an Unpleasant Experience.

In crossing a ravine between the Milwaukee and Middle roads about three miles east of the city with a horse and buggy, Barley Fanning and his ten-year-old son had a harrowing experience one day this week. The road was under several inches of water and when the thin sheet of ice gave way the horse plunged to the side of the highway and into a ditch where it became entangled in a barbed wire fence and was nearly drowned before Mr. Fanning, after placing the child on high ground, could wade in and cut the harness with a pen-knife. The horse was badly wounded in several places and the vehicle was partially demolished.

**Myers Grand Opera House**

PETER L. MYERS, Manager. New Telephone 609.

**Saturday, Jan. 20th.**

Matinee and Evening. Matinee at 2:30 p. m.

B. C. Whitney's "Musical Cocktail"

**Piff! Paff! Pouf!**

ALL STAR CAST.

COMPANY OF 75 PEOPLE.

**MATINEE PRICES:**

Orchestra, \$1.00; Orchestra Circle, 75c; First Two Rows Balcony, 75c; Balance Balcony, 50c; Gallery, 25c.

**EVENING PRICES:**

Orchestra, \$1.50; Orchestra Circle, \$1.00; First Two Rows Balcony, 75c; Balance Balcony, 50c; Gallery, 25c. Seats on sale Friday at 9 a. m.

**Heimstreet Sells.**

**Cleaning House**

Lots of goods we do not want.

Chamois Chest Protectors, 50c and \$1.00.

Collar and Cuff Boxes 75c.

Paints, 50c, 75c, \$1.

Rockford, Beloit, & Janesville

R. R. Co.

DAILY BULLETIN.

Cars leave 6:00 a. m., 7:15 a. m. and 15 minutes after the hour until 11:15 p. m.

Last car for Rockford, at 10:15 p. m.; for Beloit, 11:15 p. m.

Cars arrive 6:45 a. m. and 15 minutes of the hour to 11:45 p. m.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE

First car leaves, 7:15 a. m.

First car arrives, 7:15 a. m.

Baggage checked on one-way tickets.

Baggage cars leave, 8:15 a. m., 12:15, 4:15, and 8:15 p. m.

**The man who smokes and smokes well and who appreciates the BEST, is the man we're after. Try our**

**LITTLE GARMUR SC CIGAR**

It's the best made for the money.

**Boston Store**

THIS WEEK FOR CASH:

Cattle Suet, lb., 10c.  
Best Lard, lb., 10c.  
Bulk Mince Meat, lb., 10c.  
Spiced Herring, lb., 10c.  
Eggs, doz., 25c.  
Pickled Hams, lb., 3c.  
Bacon, lb., 14c.  
Beans, qt., 8c.  
Bean Pork, lb., 3c.  
Patty Soap, 6 bars, 25c.  
Butterine, 2 lbs., 25c.  
White Nickel Soap, 6 bars, 25c.  
Choice Prunes, lb., 7c.  
Raisins, 1 lb. 1/2, 3 lbs., 25c.  
Currants, 1 lb., 3 lbs., 25c.  
Shredded Coconut, 15c. lb., 2 lbs., 25c.

**THE First National Bank of Janesville, Wisconsin**

Capital & Surplus \$200,000

**DIRECTORS:**

S. B. SMITH, Pres.  
A. B. GALE, Vice Pres.  
A. P. LOVINSKY, Cashier  
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A Strictly Commercial Business Transacted

**Ye Olde Fashioned Horehound Drops**

5c a bag, 20c a pound.

If you don't think they're good, come in and try one.

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Before buying your Electric and Combination Fixtures, get our prices. We do expert house wiring and know the secrets of skillful electrical adjustments and allow nobody to surpass us in any part of the electrical work.

**DILG & JORISCH**

Electrical Contractors,

66 EAST MILWAUKEE ST.

Phone 5601.

**PIANO TUNING**



## — FORTY YEARS AGO —

Janesville Daily Gazette, Wednesday, Jan. 17, 1866.—Mr. Thompson To-night.—Hon. Geo. Thompson, who is to lecture this evening at Lippin's Hall, has arrived in town and is stopping at the Myers House. We expect to see a large audience present.

The Biggest Yet.—Mr. Hammond of Clinton, seeing a story in the Gazette of a big ear of corn grown in Virginia, was incited to ascertain whether Wisconsin could take down "Old Virginia" in that respect. He accordingly counted the kernels on one growing twenty rows, and found the number to be 1,041, exceeding by considerable the Virginia grown corn. This statement having been published, Mr. C. Stoller of Bradford, thought it pretty large, and concluded to count some specimens of dent corn on his farm, and to his surprise found that with an equal number of rows, one ear gave 1,074 kernels. "We expect Mr. H. will acknowledge the corn."

Rock County in The Legislature.—Mr. Speaker Barron has not neglected Rock County in making his list of Standing Committees. Four of our six members are each honored

with an appointment as Chairman of a committee. Mr. Bates on State Prison; Pope on Legislative Expenditures; Wooster on Internal Improvements; and King on Incorporations. Mr. Douglass is on the committee on Contingent Expenses, and Mr. Burdick has a place on Privileges and Elections. Bates is also on the Committee on Ways and Means, King on Railroads, and Wooster on Agriculture. In the Senate Mr. Lawrence is Chairman of the Committee on Finance, and is assigned places on other important Committees. Pretty well for one county.

Reform School.—The Joint Committee on Benevolent Institutions have returned from their visit to Waukesha. They recommend the appropriation of \$15,000 to relieve the present wants of the school and to commence building another edifice. Quite a sharp difference of opinion was entertained among Senators in the matter. Senators W. H. Chandler, Webb, Clark and Littlejohn warmly urged immediate action. Senators Wilson, Bowman, Cole and Rountree thought it prudent to "go a little slower." The latter course was pursued.—Madison Democrat.

William Randall and daughter spent Sunday at H. Penner's of Delavan. Mr. W. Dodge visited with relatives in Sharon a few days last week.

A number from here attended the dance at Darien Friday evening. All report a good time. The Bible study will meet with Mrs. Milton Wilkens Saturday, Jan. 20. Everyone is invited to be present.

Mr. J. Waterman shipped a carload of hogs to Chicago Thursday.

Mrs. Geo. McFarlane visited her daughter Mrs. Joanna Zull in Janesville one day last week.

The M. W. A. will have a dance in their hall Thursday night, January 18. Smith's orchestra of Beloit will furnish the music.

The meetings which Rev. Kafer has been holding in the church, the past two weeks were very interesting and were well attended.

JOHNSTOWN.—I. Haight has been quite sick since last Monday, but is improving.

F. J. McFarlane and Alex. Hay shipped a carload of hogs to Chicago Monday, Jan. 15.

Mrs. Alwin's home is under quarantine. Her son Herman is quite sick with diphtheria.

Bert Austin delivered four loads of timothy seed to Clinton last week. Carlyle Godfrey has a new Edison photograph.

Clenn and Ray Austin entertained a party of merry boys on Saturday at skating and with their boxing gloves. Mrs. Lucy Vergin is quite ill. Dr. Dike is attending.

E. M. Austin has a very sore looking face these days, caused by one of his horses striking him with its knee while Mr. Bell was shoeing him.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Zull, Mrs. Christina McFarlane of Janesville, Mrs. Sackett, Mrs. Oakes, Mr. and Mrs. L. Nickerson, were entertained last Thursday at the home of P. J. McFarlane.

Mrs. Lola Cummings and son visited Edna relatives last Thursday. Mrs. C. H. Johnson was called to Richmond last week to see her sister Mrs. Hanson, who is in poor health.

Dr. Dike was called to see R. L. Lorkie's little boy last Friday evening.

NORTH SPRING VALLEY.—A few have finished stripping their tobacco crop and are waiting to deliver.

Fred Hagaman has been visiting relatives at Elgin, Ill.

Ralph Wood, who has been quite ill with pneumonia, is rapidly recovering.

Miss Lena Grangard is working for Mrs. Will Harper.

Biffie Milton Wells of Footville took Dr. Sarker's place at the Presbyterian church in Brodhead last Sunday, and at Spring Valley Corners in the afternoon.

Clenn Clark sawed wood for T. T. Harper last Saturday.

Herman Mau is working for Albert Palmer.

Miss Laura Heath spent Sunday at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Van S. Kike spent Thursday visiting with relatives at Footville.

Bert Townsend has bought several tons of corn from Mrs. Fugle and Mr. Wood is busy delivering the same.

A few from this vicinity will attend the Andrew Snyder wedding in Center Wednesday evening.

EAST CENTER.—East Center, Jan. 16.—Mrs. Popple and daughter spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Edson Brown.

Miss Vere Fuller, has again resumed her school work after a week's vacation.

Most of the farmers in this vicinity are through stripping tobacco.

Nick Young has been assisting Walter Little with his fall's work.

Mrs. Seth Crall spent last Thursday in Janesville, the guest of Mrs. Sarah Ott.

Miss Mary Lyons is home for her vacation. She will again commence her work when the spring millinery season opens.

Miss Belle Cleveland and Mrs. Ed. Brown attended the glass blowers in Janesville last Saturday. Each drew a handsome present.

Mrs. E. C. Lowry and sister visited the former's mother, Mrs. David Lowry, last Wednesday.

Edson Brown delivered four loads of fat hogs to Footville buyers last Wednesday.

"HOUSE-HOLD."

Inquiry From Young Mother.

(Written for the Janesville Gazette.)

You ask if a child that is bathed every day is less likely to take cold or contract an infectious or contagious disease than one that is not bathed daily. Cleanliness is one of the most important factors in a baby's life and I think it is safe to bathe the babe every day. You ask when is the best time for bathing. Trained nurses say the best time is between the two feedings—never when he is hungry or directly after a meal, and I think you ought to consider the mother's convenience also. The room should be warm enough to be comfortable all over. Have the water a little warmer than new milk; have the clean clothing ready and everything at hand so that there need be no delay. Put the bath tub on a box or low table so you can sit beside it comfortably. Put the warm water in the tub; dissolve a teaspoonful of powdered borax in it to soften it and it also purifies and disinfects the water. Remove the baby's clothing and set him into the water; wash him quickly using a soft sponge and pure soap. When you have finished lift him out, dry the body with a soft linen towel, put on clean clothing but after bathing while the pores are open; dust thickly with talcum powder, as it relieves the texture of the skin and is used altogether now instead of starch for babies. Try this excellent method for babies.

SARA H. HENTON.

For a good old soul was he, Methuselah was all right, you bet. They say he would be living yet. Had he taken Rocky Mountain Tea? "Smith Drug Co."

Read the want ads.

The only form of food made from wheat that is all nutriment is the soda cracker, and yet—the only soda cracker of which this is really true is

## Uneda Biscuit

The only soda cracker scientifically baked.  
The only soda cracker effectually protected.  
The only soda cracker ever fresh, crisp and clean.  
The only soda cracker good at all times.

**5¢** In a dust tight, moisture proof package.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

## SUIT SALE BEGINS MONDAY, JANUARY 15

Twice a Year Bargain Event in Women's Tailored Suits.

### Choice of Sixty at \$10.50

The past season was noted for the high character of the Suits, the long fitted coats requiring more skill in the making than usual, and today finds us with about Sixty of the best styles of the season. Suits which were priced at \$18, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, etc. They are all heavy enough in weight to be worn on ordinary winter days, made of chevots, broadcloths and Men's suiting materials (a number of greys in the lot).—The coats to these suits are satin lined, and are mostly in lengths 45 to 50 inches; although there are a few of the 27 inch lengths, not one but what is a this season's suit. These suits can be worn right through the spring and at the advertised price the response will no doubt be prompt, as women have come to look for these Suit sales as offering beyond question the best bargains of the year. There is a good range of sizes from 32 to 44, as well as a number of Misses sizes, so if you come early you can be sure of a fit no matter what size you require. **\$10.50**

The price for a choice is

NOBBY WAISTS \$1.00.

Twenty dozen waists, made of flannels, vestings, mercerized novelties, checks, stripes, plain colors, a very large selection of all new and desirable waists, all on sale at a choice **\$1.00.**

**Simpson**  
DRY GOODS



FRANK BALLARD FULKERSON—CONGRESSMAN FROM MISSOURI. Frank B. Fulkerson was born March 15th, 1866, near Edinburg, Grundy county, Mo. Eight months later his parents moved to a farm near Higginsville, Mo., where he lived until 1892. He attended the district school and Westminster College, Fulton, Mo., graduating in 1888. After teaching for two years he took up law at the University of Michigan and the Missouri State University, graduating from the latter in 1892 with degree of LL. B. Since then he has practiced at Warrensburg, Mo. He held a number of public offices in that town before moving to St. Joseph. Mr. Fulkerson married Miss Parthenia McLellan of Warrensburg in 1895.

Offered Real Curiosity.

A CARD. We the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 30 cent bottle of Green's warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 30 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. J. P. Baker. Geo. E. King & Co. Smith's Pharmacy. People's Drug Co. H. E. Banois & Co. Janesville, Wis.

Alton Federal Building.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Senator Hon. James C. McPherson, introduced for Senator Cullom a bill providing for the purchase of a site and the erection of a new federal building at Alton, Ill., to cost \$100,000. Senator Cullom, who has gone to Florida for his health, hopes to return again in March, or perhaps before.

Longest Bridge.

The longest bridge in the world is that crossing the Danube at Zarnaya, with a length of 12,705 feet; followed next by the Galveston bay bridge in Texas, with 11,197 feet. The Fifth of North bridge, near Queensferry, in Scotland, ranks eighth, and the Brooklyn bridge ninth.

There is a railway over the Egyptian desert, which runs for forty-five miles in a straight line, but this is beaten by one in Australia. The railway from Nyngan to Bourke, in New South Wales, runs over a plain quite level for 126 miles, in a mathematical straight line. There is hardly an embankment, not one curve and only three very slight elevations.

Read the want ads.

Looking for board in the country? Out where the butterflies grow? Out midst the clover and daisies?

Such places Gazette Ads. will show.

3 Lines 3 Times  
**25c.**



## WANT ADS.

WANTED—Lady of fair education to represent manufacturer for 1906 as district manager; extensive business territory; expenses weekly; position permanent; opportunity unnecessary. Address J. E. McBrady & Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Parties to join in forming a syndicate to purchase 400-acre tract of land on the Gulf coast for the purpose of dividing and selling in small tracts; and settle a town as a summer and winter resort. Chance to double money in one year. E. W. Lowell, Carver Block.

WANTED by young man attending our school—Place to work mornings and evenings and Saturdays for board. Valentine Block.

WANTED—Boys from 16 to 20 years of age at the F. M. Marshall Company's factory.

WANTED—Strong boy 16 to 18 years of age, at Gazette press rooms.

THREE YOUNG MEN to prepare for desirable positions in Government Service. Good salary. Fine opportunity for promotion. State Gazette.

WANTED—Man to take part of 100 acres farm on shares. Close to city; only team required is team of horses; all tools furnished. Must furnish references. Address X Y Z Gazette.

WANTED—A position by an experienced bookkeeper. Address L Z Gazette.

WANTED—Housekeeper immediately; first class nurse; girl; chamber and dining room girls; girls for private houses. Mrs. E. M. McCarthy, 515 West Milwaukee St.

WANTED—Somebody to bring in the lucky number for our Japanese screen. No. 1549. The next number is 1550 and the next 2412. Look it up and send you have any of these, Smith's Pharmacy, the Rexal store.

WANTED—A lady or gentlemen to solicit and collect; permanent position to retail party. Salary or commission; experience on necessary. Call Park Hotel, Manager H. G. Olson.

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also single rooms. 122 Park street.

FOR RENT—A modern house, all conveniences. Inquire of C. E. Gloland, Hayes Block.

FOR RENT—Two very pleasant furnished front rooms, with or without board; desirable for two gentlemen, or with wives, 3 East St. Mrs. Julia Brown.

## FOR SALE

FOR SALE, at closing out prices—A ten-room house and barn, with modern conveniences. Would take farm in exchange. If not sold soon, will be rented. A nice acre farm one mile south of Lima. Center, choice land; and some choice building lots. If you think of buying or building a home, come and see me. Money to loan on real estate security. W. J. MINTYRE, 210 Jackson Block, Janesville, Wis.

FOR SALE—A bargain in a farm, 205 acres, with a few miles from Elkhart, Ind. 35 acres bottom land, first class for truck raising; 25 acres pasture; 40 acres timber; 150 acres sandy loam; raises high grade of corn. Improved with nine-room house, woodshed, ice house, smoke house, corn crib, two large barns and sheep barn; 15 miles from the station on Big Four or E. & W. branch of L. S. & M. S. Will sell the whole or any part very reasonable. A superior water-cure, running directly across the whole property. Address A. W. Allen 4002 Tri-une Bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—Team of young horses: one dark brown mare six years old, weight 1150, the other sorrel mare seven yrs. old, weight 1050. 2500 lbs. double and single harness of harness. Indorse State St. near School for Blind.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—One set of bob sleds, and one light spring wagon, in good condition. Inquire at 388 S. River St., old phone No. 5112.

## MISCELLANEOUS

CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST—Madam Baker gives readings daily, except Sunday, at 33 S. Main street. Full life reading 50c. Palm reading, 25c. "Short-time only." Satisfaction guaranteed.

## DR. JAMES MILLS

Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat. Specialist. Glasses Accurately Fitted. Office—25 West Milwaukee St. Both phones. JANSVILLE, WIS.

## Read the Want Ads.

Very Low Rates to Denver, Colo., Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold on Jan. 27, 28 and 29, limited to return until Feb. 15th, inclusive, on account of Wool Growers and Live Stock association meeting. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Homeseekers' Excursion to the North-West, West and Southwest. Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the territory indicated above. Standard and tourist sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars and "The Best of Everything." For dates of sale and full particulars apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

## Wants ads are money-savers.

Calendars for 1906. The printing department of the Gazette has some splendid lines of calendars on hand for business men who desire to use them for their customers. These sample lots will be sold at considerably less than the original prices to clean up.

GAZETTE PTC. CO.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

ELGIN BUTTER MARKET.

(Special Telegram.)

Elgin, Ill., Jan. 15.—Butter—Firm at 27c; output, 43,000.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

GAZETTE PTC. CO.

## UNCALLED FOR LETTERS.

GENTLEMEN—Effen, Artis, Martin Christofferson, Roy Coon, H. C. Coam, R. A. Dewitt, Ed Fay, Charles Holst, "Clarence" Holmgren, Henry Handley, Frank Kasten, C. Murray Willis, Osgood, Robert J. O'Herald, B. C. Ruby, Elmer Thorsen, Rev. and Mrs. M. Wichmann, Wm. Wolff, Jno. Wall.

LADIES—Miss Minnie Albright, Mrs. J. W. Brant, Mrs. C. F. Bailey, Miss Myrtle Brown, Mrs. E. Bunshie, Miss Fannie Dabson, Mrs. Maggie Frankson, Mrs. Lena Franke, Mrs. Robert Hanan, Miss Audley Hadley, Mrs. M. J. Jackson, Miss Edna Kellogg, Miss Clara Kirkpatrick, Miss Elizabeth McGiveth, Mrs. C. E. McCarthy, Mrs. Mary A. Morse, Mrs. M. Newell, Mrs. H. H. Newell, Mrs. Dora Rollins, Mrs. Martha Ronald, Mrs. Emily Stone, Mrs. F. A. Welch, Miss Lydia Walker, Mrs. Frank Woods, Mrs. Bernice Wyman (2).

FIRMS—Henry Buggy Co., Kaplan & Piper Co., Walker Pen Co. January 17th, 1906.

## JANESVILLE MARKET REPORT.

Quotations on Grain and Produce for The Gazette.

REPORTED BY P. H. GREEN & SON, DEALERS IN WHEAT, CORN, FLOUR AND FEED.

WHEAT—No. 1 Patent 1.25 to 1.35 and No. 2 at 1.20 and 1.25 per sack.

WHEAT—Chicago Cash, No. 1 and 2 North-west 1.25 to 1.35.

BAR CORN—15.00 to 16.00 per ton.

RYE—16c per bu.

BARLEY—33 to 40c.

OATS—25 to 30c.

TIMOTHY SEED—Retail at 11.50 to 12.00 per ton.

FEED—Face corn and oats, 120.00 to 125.00 per ton.

BEAN—19.00 to 20.00 per ton.

Standard Middlings 30.00 per sack.

OIL MEAL—\$1.75 to \$2.00 per cwt.

CORN MEAL—\$17.00 to \$18.00 per ton.

HAY—Per ton baled, \$3.50 to \$4.00.

STRAW—Per ton baled, \$5.00 to \$5.50.

BUTTER—Dairy, 24 to 26c.

Creamery 26c.

POTATOES—60 to 65c.

Eggs—Strictly fresh, 24 to 25c.

Onions 60 to 70c.

Poultry, live chickens, 8 cents; old fowls to 10c.

Ducks, dressed—10 to 11c.

Dressed geese 9 to 10c.

Veal Calves 5 to 6c.

During the last week the local market has met with but few changes. Eggs are now plentiful and prices slightly lower. Hay and straw is being offered freely, but price keeps about the same. While occasionally a load of oats will sell to some private party at 30c, the regular market price will not warrant going beyond 28c. While the present quotations for corn are all the general market will warrant, the local demand takes all offerings readily. The Chicago market shows wheat firm with slight advance over a week ago, but no change on flour, corn firm, oats unchanged, rye dull, barley unchanged.

Most, disfiguring skin eruptions, scrofula, pimples, rashes, etc., are due to impure blood. Buttock Blood Bitters is a cleansing blood tonic. Makes you clear-eyed, clear-brained, clear-skinned.

Itching piles provoke profanity, but profanity will not cure them. Doan's Ointment cures itching, bleeding or protruding piles after years of suffering. At any drugstore.

If you haven't the time to exercise regularly, Doan's Regulets will prevent constipation. They induce a mild, easy, healthful action of the bowels without griping. Ask your druggist for them. 25c.

Stops earache in two minutes; toothache or pain of burn or scald in five minutes; hoarseness, one hour; muscleache, two hours; sore throat, twelve hours.—Dr. Thomas Electric Oil, monarch over pain.

## Low Rates Via Missouri, Pacific and Iron Mountain Route.

Special homeseekers' excursions. Tickets on sale January 8th and 16th and February 6th and 20th, 1906, to Arkansas, Colorado, Indian Territory, Kansas, Louisiana, Mexico, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas. Stopovers permitted, return limit twenty-one days. For further information address L. D. Knowles, General Agent, 114 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee.

## ELGIN BUTTER MARKET.

(Special Telegram.)

Elgin, Ill., Jan. 15.—Butter—Firm at 27c; output, 43,000.

## ..COMING ATTRACTIONS..



ANTOINETTE PERRY—WITH "MR S. TEMPLE'S TELEGRAM," JAN. 18



F. W. MACE, K. OSTERMAN AND R. GRAHAM IN "PIFF, PAFF, POUFF"

## BRIEF NEWS FROM OLD ROCK.

### EFFORTS TO ORGANIZE A GRANGE AT AVALON THUS FAR ARE UNSUCCESSFUL

Avalon, Jan. 15.—Mr. Powers of Beloit and Mr. Hoyt of New Hampshire have been here endeavoring to organize a Grange. A meeting was held Monday, January 8, but lacking an audience the meeting was postponed until Tuesday, January 16.

The M. W. A. will give a social dancing party at the Avalon hall Wednesday, January 17. Kneff and Hatch will furnish the music. All are cordially invited.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Durbie entertained the Smithton and Emerald

Grove lodges of Mystic Workers last Wednesday evening. Everyone enjoyed themselves playing progressive

cliché. Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Scott are entertaining company.

Archibald Reid is spending a few days with friends near Dundee, Ill.

Miss Leah Proctor of La Prairie resumed her school duties Monday, after a three week's vacation.

A number of poultry fanciers expect to take in the poultry show at Delavan this week.

FAIRFIELD.

Fairfield, Jan. 15.—Mr. and Mrs.



## THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

Business Office Open Saturday  
Evenings.

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

## WEATHER FORECAST

Showers and warmer.  
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Daily Edition—By Carrier:  
One Year .....\$6.00  
Six Months .....3.00  
Three Months .....1.50  
CASH IN ADVANCE.  
One Year .....\$4.00  
Six Months .....2.00  
Three Months .....1.00  
Business Office .....77-2  
Editorial Rooms .....77-3

Store-management is something of a "black art," for printers ink is usually "store-management"—only store-keeping.

If France has any idea that war is a picnic it should consult its ally, Russia, on the subject.

There were grafters 100 years ago, and see what has happened to them. They are all dead now.

Mr. Rogers wonders why Missouri does not buy a phonograph if it is keen for conversation.

An open winter, it appears, is also an open season for the activities of a variety of disease germs.

If Poulney Bigelow was curious to know whether or not Mr. Taft is a hard hitter, he has attained his object.

There is a general impression that Venezuela needs a spanking from somebody and it might as well be France.

Whatever the work it may have in hand, the dove of peace should drop it and proceed to Algebras without delay.

Holding up the statehood bill continues to be the favorite form of exercise among certain statesmen in both houses.

Since its sensational election of 1904 Missouri has been unable to resist a desire to keep getting into the newspapers.

Some heroic persons in congress now suggest the daring idea of passing legislation over the veto of the sugar-beet lobby.

Many liberal seats in parliament are uncontested, the reason being that British statesmen do not like to run just for exercise.

As the czar's budget is much larger than his estimated income, prudent merchants may soon begin selling him only for cash.

## MARSHALL FIELD.

By the death of Marshall Field Chicago has lost one of its most stable and reliable citizens, the United States one of its great merchant-princes and the west a true friend. Marshall Field has succeeded where others have failed and his life, the successes thereof, are shining examples of what may be accomplished by an ambitious man under adverse circumstances. Marshall Field has helped to make Chicago the great trade center of the west and Chicago has helped make Marshall Field. His sudden demise, following the recent death of his son, has doubly added to the sorrows of his wife and family. Marshall Field was a typical American, who made the most of his advantages. He leaves behind him a great monument in the immense store structure in Chicago that will live for years.

## THE ISTHMIAN RAILROAD.

Renewed complaints are made of congestion of freight at Colon, and it is to be feared they are well founded. The official report made on Monday to congress frankly declares that the business of the road is far in excess of its facilities. That Panama railroad of ours is an uncommonly weak sister in the family of transportation lines. It has only a single track, and it is not fit to run heavy trains on, or any trains at high speed. Its cars are small and few, and its locomotives are small and weak. In the United States it would not rank as a second class branch line. Yet it is really a transcontinental trunk line, carrying the world's commerce between the two great oceans—a commerce potentially so great that we are building a \$200,000,000 canal for it. In addition to the large volume of ordinary traffic, which has existed there for years, there is, of course, now a large extraordinary traffic on account of the canal works. These circumstances suggest that it would be good policy to double track the road and give it a thoroughly first-class, up-to-date equipment.

There is another special reason for this. Sir Westman Pearson and his associates have just finished a good railroad across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, and are completing fine harbors at the terminals; and various important steamship lines, American and European, Atlantic and Pacific, are arranging to patronize those facilities. There is no doubt that the Tehuantepec route will prove a formidable competitor with Panama, because of the much shorter distance,

by way of it from Atlantic to Pacific ports. Certainly it behooves the managers of the Panama route to meet that competition at least to the extent of giving Panama as good dock and rail facilities as Tehuantepec will have. It is not only a question of rivalry between the two railroads. The prosperity of the canal is also in a measure involved. All the steamship traffic which can be secured and held at Panama will in time be transferred to the canal. But such of it as gets away from Panama and goes to Tehuantepec may stay at the latter place. At any rate it would be easier to keep it at Panama now than to win it back to Panama after it had gone to Tehuantepec and become established there.

It is noted there are also renewed complaints of excessive freight rates at Panama, and these, too, inclined to think are not without foundation. The Panama railroad is about forty-seven miles long. Its charges for carrying freight that distance are, for coal and lumber \$4 a ton; for grain, \$4.60 a ton; for furniture, \$8.80 a ton; and for agricultural implements, \$20 a ton. Such rates do seem excessive. They were, not we believe, imposed by the present management of the road, but are a legacy from the former management, which devised them for the protection of the steamship monopoly, which had special through rates. Our government is no partner to that monopoly, and might, therefore, well reduce the railroad charges to reasonable bounds. It is simply grotesque that lumber should be shipped from Panama around Cape Horn to North Atlantic ports, sailing thousands of miles, in preference to going forty-seven miles by rail. All that will be changed by the opening of the canal. Meaning it will be good policy, and will be an auspicious preparation for the canal, to attract all possible traffic to the isthmus by offering first-class railroad transit at the lowest possible rates.

## PRESS COMMENT.

Notes Expecting A Squat? Milwaukee News: Secretary Taft has squatted down on Poulney Bigelow, but the senate is still breathing freely.

## Raises A Question.

Cambria News: Do you suppose it is really true that the railroads are not issuing any passes to congressmen this year?

## Oversight Will Be Pardoned.

Chicago Record-Herald: No sensible person would be likely to censure the senator severely if he were to decide to let the waters of the Nevada go unblest this winter.

## Vociferous One Quieted.

Milwaukee Sentinel: It may be noted that Tom Lawson, who has been so vociferous in print and on the platform about the system, declined to talk on the witness stand under oath.

## World Broad As Long.

Kansas City Star: Over in Italy, where they haven't any steel trust or Standard Oil Co., the thieves steal Madonnas from the churches. Whenever you go in this world it is about as broad as it is long.

## Waddle of Chicago Women.

Chicago Tribune: A visiting New Yorker, who has been watching the women of Chicago from a hotel window, says they shake, jolt, waddle, and swing their arms in a shoddy manner when they walk. Having learned that he was in town, the women might have been making frantic efforts to attract his attention.

## Press Agent Should Explain.

Washington Post: The press agent of the Panama canal should not be put out of business until he explains why the man who purchased supplies for the 20,000 men on the isthmus should get twice the pay of the man who performs the same service for the 60,000 men of the army.

## Fatal Bullet Usually Fatal.

Green Bay Gazette: The Janesville Gazette says: "Oyama should take heed. The deadly Japanese banquet may do what the fatal Russian bullet failed to accomplish." But one who has survived the "fatal bullet" might well be considered invincible.

## "You're Another" Argument.

El Paso Herald: Champ Clark remarks, belittlingly, "What has the republican party done but talk." The democratic party hasn't done even that much, recently; in fact it hasn't emitted so much as a peep since Parker journeyed up to explore the headwaters of Salt river.

## "Neat Little Fling."

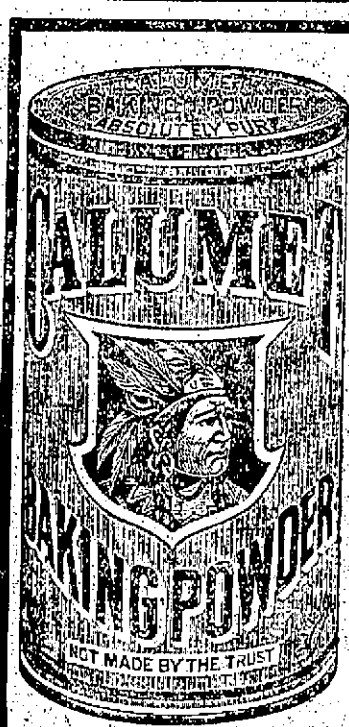
Columbia State: The daring editor of the Pocahontas (Va.) Times does not hesitate to preach back at the pulpit. Here is one of his neat little flings. "The Rev. Snyc preached Sunday night on charity. The sermon was punk. If the reverend gentleman would live up a little closer to what he preached he'd have bigger congregations."

## An Earthquake That Helped.

Appleton Post: The mundane elements and forces, not to say stars, fight for President Roosevelt. That is to say, just as the knackers from Poulney Bigelow down to up—had done their worst in representing the Panama canal undertaking a failure and had impressed the senate to such a degree with this view that it was contemplating approaching the president for abandonment, the Nicaragua route, an earthquake has occurred in that region which shook things up with such violence as to just about everything that has been said about the danger from that cause to a canal. With such Titanic co-operation as the president has, he can afford to view with contempt the puny opposition which he has encountered from chronic knackers.

## Hunting The Octopus.

Fond du Lac Commonwealth: Having made a tour of the states, including New Jersey, the home of the octopus, Lincoln Steffens has turned



The Wonderful Growth  
of  
**Calumet  
Baking  
Powder**  
Is due to its  
Perfect Quality  
and  
Moderate Price  
Used in Millions  
of Homes

ONLY A FEW FALLS  
AT SKATING PARTY

Young People Had A Merry Time at the Private Entertainment Given at the Rink.

There were no tumbles of serious consequence and no ambulance called to the private roller skating party enjoyed by a number of young people of the city at the rink last evening.

Accidents befell only Mark Postwick, Bernard Palmer, and George Brownell and they bore their injuries with becoming fortitude. The festivities began shortly after eight o'clock when the Imperial band played a lively two-step for the first glide. The art came back quickly to some who had not been on the little wheels for a decade and most of the others surprised themselves with the rapidity with which they learned how to keep up and going. The entertainment closed at 10:30 with a series of moving pictures, provided by the management.

Thursday evening of next week a second party will be enjoyed by the same coterie. Those present last evening were: Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Harris, Dr. and Mrs. Dwight, the Messrs. and Mesdames Harry McNamara, Charles Postwick, J. L. Postwick, Charles Schaller, E. M. Palmer, E. H. Carpenter, J. A. Sutherland, G. H. Sale, M. R. Osburn, H. H. Bliss, William Ruger, Jr., David Atwood, Charles Gage, E. H. Peterson, and David Holmes; the Misses Katherine Smith, Emma Winnie, Rachelle Postwick, Charlotte Mount, Mae Treat, Saline Roger, Louise Shearer, Grace Valentine, Agnes Shearer, Lillian Mopet, and Joan A. Shearer; the Messrs. Al Schaller, Rollin Lewis, Stanley Woodruff, Edward Roger, John Shearer, Mark Postwick, Henry Cody, William McNeil, E. L. Watt, George Buchholz, Fred Schaller, Burns Brewer, George Brownell, Hugh M. Craig, E. V. Whitton, R. M. Postwick, Charles Tallman, George McKee, Samuel Echlin, Robert Postwick, M. Davidson of Bay City, Mich., and Charles Clarke of Milwaukee.

Break, Break, Break. Solo and Quartet, Fornes and Stevens, Murphy and Becker.

Carefully on Tiptoe, Stealing. Solo, Frank Stevens.

What Shall the Harvest Be? Trio of Burglars.

The first annual concert of the guests of the county at the jail here, was held last evening and proved a great popular success. The program arranged by "Horse Car" Becker (burglar) was appropriate to the festive occasion and was well rendered. The "Rogue's March" was played with exquisite feeling and virtuosity by Mr. Domaselli, his piccolo betraying his artistic nature, despite its rather shrill intonation. The most interesting number on the program was "Break, Break, Break" tenor solo, splendidly sung by Mr. Fornes (burglar) and a quartet. Another feature was a trio "What Shall the Harvest Be?" done in real Metropolitan Opera house style by a trio of house-breakers.

## SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Frank Troutman, 20 years old, son of J. H. Troutman, a wholesale liquor dealer, was killed at Hamilton, O., by a fall down stairs.

Mary Bowman, the eleventh victim of the West hotel fire, died at Minneapolis, Minn. Others who were injured in the fire, will probably recover.

R. L. Hubbard of Chebogan, Mich., committed suicide at Buffalo, N. Y., by leaping from the third story of a private hospital. He was an epileptic.

W. R. Johnson of Knoxville, president of the National Travelers' Protective association, announces that the annual convention of the order will be held in Buffalo beginning June 11.

Cassie Chadwick has been set to work with the needle at the Columbus, O., penitentiary, making button holes, and will continue at this work until she becomes well enough to run a sewing machine.

The Kentucky general assembly again went through the formality of balloting for and electing Judge T. H. Paytor to the United States senate to succeed Senator Blackburn.

Charles E. Black, an Omaha hatter, formerly of Freeport, Ill., is a candidate for republican nomination for mayor.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hireleman of Hillsdale, Ill., celebrated their seventy-second wedding anniversary; their children and all descendants are dead.

Joseph H. Choate, former United States ambassador to Great Britain, was elected president of the New York State Bar association.

Governor Magoon of Panama on receipt of a cable message from Washington postponed his proposed trip to the United States until Jan. 21.

## 100 LATE TO CLASSIFY

Facial skin wrinkles and ages lacking proper nourishment. Satio Skin Cream is tissue building skin food.

FOR SALE—Two tailor made dress suits and one tuxedo coat, about 50 chest, 33 waist. Good condition and cheap. \$25.00. Call Local 151; Hall 2765.

STRAVED from my place—A spiral mirror, with black and gold border. H. C. Dreyer, 20 West Milwaukee St.

Take Notice—Book County. Take Notice—That on the first day of February, A. D. 1906, at 1:30 o'clock, in the afternoon, at my warehouse in the city of Janesville, the same being in the rear of Seely & Wilbur's grocery store, I shall offer for sale at public auction the goods of J. B. Anderson, now in my warehouse, and sell the same or as much thereof as I wish, my claim for storage against the said goods.

Dated January 2nd, 1906. W. J. SCHWARTZ.

**MYERS GRAND OPERA HOUSE**  
Telephone 609.  
: : PETER L. MYERS, Manager. : :

**THURSDAY, JAN. 18TH.**  
**THE BIG COMEDY EVENT**

Walter N. Lawrence will present everybody's favorite



**Harry  
Conor,**

And great cast in the most emphatic comedy success of recent years

**Mrs. Temple's  
Telegram.**

By Frank Wyatt and William Morris.  
Three months at the Madison Square Theatre, New York City; 100 nights at Powers Theatre, Chicago.

Funnier than Jane, Charley's Aunt or The Private Secretary. Beautiful Scenic Effects, Magnificent Gowns.

Prices—Orchestra \$1.50, Orchestra Circle \$1.00, First two rows Balcony 75c, Balance balcony 50c, Gallery 25c.

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

**January  
Cloak and Suit  
Bargains**

**Fur Coats**—Our choice \$75 Nearsal Coat, with mink collar and reverses, at \$50.

**One \$50 Nearsal Coat**—beaver collar and reverses—at \$35.

**Electric Seal Coats**—\$18 and up.

**Fur Scarfs and Neck Pieces**—all at one-third less than regular prices—with special values at \$3.50 and \$5.00.

**Twenty-three elegant Tailor Made Suits**—ranging in price from \$10.50 to \$17.50—your choice for \$7.50.

**Three \$60 Fur Lined Coats** at \$30 each.

**Misses' Winter Coats**, sizes from 6 to 14 years, at half price.

**Ladies' Winter Garments** at our usual discounts.

**Archie Reid & Co.**  
DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, MILLINERY.

**J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.**  
**THE GREAT YELLOW TAG  
Reduction Sale**

Will Start Saturday, Jan. 20th,  
and Continue Through Saturday, Jan. 27th.

All goods included in the sale will have a **YELLOW TAG** on. COMPARED with this **GREAT SALE** all other bargain sales will be **MERE IMITATIONS**.

Watch For Particulars Later.

**The 1-2 Price Sale...**

is interesting many in  
**Cloth Winter Cloaks,  
Suits,  
Fur Scarfs and Muffs**

As the sale continues people realize more and more that we are giving them **Bargains** with a **big B**.

It seems almost **TOO GOOD** to be **TRUE** to be **ABLE** to buy at **SUCH PRICES** the **HIGH CLASS** of **GARMENTS** that we offer. **BUT IT IS TRUE.**



# FAIR STORE.

## CLOTHING SALE

Men's All-Wool Black Worsted Cheviot Suits, Single Breasted, Sack Cut, Medium Heavy Weight; our price for this week... \$39

Men's Dark Gray Mixed Worsted Suits, Full Heavy Weight, one of the best wearing goods made, @... \$8.50

Men's Dark Mixed Cassimere Suits, this is a neat pattern with a black ground and narrow fine stripes of white, regular \$12 suits; for this week @... \$9

Men's Brown Plaid Fancy Suiting, Medium Weight and Extra Good Value, @... \$7.50

Men's Dark Striped Worsted Suit, Single Breasted, Sack Cut, Medium Weight, @... \$6

In Young Men's and Boys Suits, ranging from 14 to 18 years, we have some extra good bargains @ \$3, \$4 & \$5 per suit.

MEMBER  
**Wisconsin Association of  
 Optometrists. Also The  
 American Association of Opticians**  
 Office with HALL & SAYLES



# STATE TREASURY SHORT \$78,000

Gov. Hoch of Kansas Makes  
Sensational Statement to  
Public.

## TWO OFFICERS ARE ACCUSED

Thomas T. Kelly, Present Occupant of  
Position, and Former Treasurer  
Grimes, Are Held Accountable for  
Loss, Which is Charged to Clerk.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 17.—That the  
Kansas state treasury is short about  
\$78,000 was the sensational disclosure  
made Tuesday night by Gov. Edward  
W. Hoch. The governor's statement  
is prepared from findings made during  
the recent investigation of the treas-  
ury by Accountant Morris of Chicago.  
Aside from the shortage it is alleged  
that the treasurer and state auditor have  
been "disclosed." Records have been  
mutilated, it is charged, "to hide  
juggling with the state's money." It  
is also stated that the "state prop-  
erty" have been craved from the  
back of coupons and other irregular  
ities practiced.

The report covers all transactions  
made by the state treasurers from Jan.  
1, 1898, to June 30, 1905, including  
the two full terms of former State  
Treasurer Frank Grimes and one term  
and six months of the administration  
of Thomas T. Kelly, the present treas-  
urer.

Former Treasurer Is Accused.  
The larger part of the shortage ap-  
pears in the accounts of the office  
during Grimes' administration. Of  
the total of \$78,000, \$30,000 is due to  
missing coupons from bonds owned by  
the state school fund and \$18,000 is  
due to loss of interest on warrants is-  
sued by the territory of Oklahoma to  
the state of Kansas.

Gov. Hoch was given the account-  
ant's report several weeks ago, but  
has carefully guarded the fact until  
now in order to make plans for his fu-  
ture action in the matter. While in-  
timating that he had made his plans,  
he refused to state what steps would  
be taken against Kelly and Grimes.

Former Treasurer Grimes, now a di-  
rector of the Kansas City, Mexico and  
Orient railway, insisted "he would  
make good any shortage he is respon-  
sible for. However, he denies abso-  
lutely any responsibility for the short-  
age in Oklahoma warrant interest and  
says "he is able to account satisfac-  
torily for all the bond coupon short-  
ages except \$7,125."

Grimes places the blame for a large  
number of the discrepancies on C. R.  
Ritchie, who was chief clerk in the  
treasury during Grimes' term and for  
a portion of Kelly's term. Ritchie  
resigned when Kelly was placed under  
fire last winter for alleged shortage.

After Ritchie had left the state  
Treasurer Kelly attempted to clear  
himself by blaming Ritchie for the  
shortage. Governor Hoch would not  
accept this and ordered an investiga-  
tion, money for which was appropri-  
ated by the late legislature. It was  
charged at the time that Ritchie had  
been made a "scapegoat," but this  
point has never been cleared.

Aimed at Treasurer Kelly.  
The investigation which resulted in  
the present astounding condition was  
aimed at Kelly. Governor Hoch prom-  
ised when a candidate that if elected  
he would know the truth about the  
state treasury. "Eggs" rumors concern-  
ing Kelly were floating around and  
open charges of criminal acts result-  
ed in leading newspapers.

Hoch tried last summer to oust  
Kelly when \$385,000 of the state's  
money was tied up by the Devin  
bank failure. The governor found,  
however, he had no legal warrant for  
his demands and then announced he  
would wait until the experts reported  
before taking action. Sensational de-  
velopments are expected.

Kelly's official career has been  
stormy. While serving as assistant  
under Grimes he was charged with a  
shortage in his accounts as county  
clerk of Miami county. The same  
charges pursued him after his elec-  
tion as treasurer, when alleged crook-  
edness in the treasury was brought  
out.

Treasurer Kelly has issued a  
lengthy statement in reply to the Mor-  
ris report. Mr. Kelly in the state-  
ment says he is pleased with the Mor-  
ris report and considers it a complete  
vindication of his conduct while in  
office. Mr. Kelly admits that a few  
small shortages have occurred since  
he became state treasurer, but charges  
them to clerical errors.

## WIFE CAUSES SPOUSE'S ARREST

A. R. Lewis of Marshall, Mich.,  
Charged With Interfering Mail.  
Marshall, Mich., Jan. 17.—Arthur R.  
Lewis, former Western Union tele-  
graph manager at Holland, was ar-  
rested by Deputy United States Mar-  
shal Henry Hayden of Jackson upon  
a complaint of his wife, who alleges  
he removed mail from her private  
lockbox here by means of a duplicate  
key which he made or had made.  
Lewis also is under arrest on a non-  
support charge.

## Blown From Roof and Killed.

Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 17.—Emery  
Freed was killed by being blown from  
the roof of the warehouse of the lo-  
cal plant of the American Hemlin  
company, which he was repairing. His  
neck was broken.

E. L. Humphrey, cashier of the  
Bank of Wadley, Ga., and superintendent  
of the Sunday school, shot him-  
self to death. President Rhot of the  
bank said not a single discrepancy  
had been found.

## CANAL LABOR

### Chief Engineer Pleads for More Than Eight Hours and Chinese.

Washington, Jan. 17.—That the act  
making the eight-hour day and the Chinese  
exclusion laws applicable to the Pan-  
ama canal zone must be repealed or  
the big ditch is to be constructed eco-  
nomically and on time was the conten-  
tion of Chief Engineer Stevens before  
the Senate committee on interoceanic  
canals. The committee, which is con-  
ducting an investigation into all  
things pertaining to the canal, was  
busy with "sanitary and labor" con-  
ditions on the isthmus. Mr. Stevens  
described the negro laborers from Mar-  
tinique and Jamaica as shiftless and  
incompetent to such an extent that  
the payment of a small wage for an  
eight-hour day is proving an extra-  
vagance. He declares that the repeal of  
the eight-hour law, so far as it ap-  
plies to the canal zone, is a necessity,  
and that it would be beneficial to legis-  
late so that the Chinese exclusion act  
not apply to the zone. He said that  
such legislation would "in no man-  
ner injure American labor, as the latter  
is unfitted for employment there. It  
was his opinion that the commission  
is getting matters in shape so that a  
good showing can be made to Con-  
gress in the near future.

### Contractors to Build Canal.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The Panama  
canal will be "constructed" by con-  
tractors. This decision has been made  
by the canal commission and the plan  
has been approved by President Roose-  
velt. It was decided that it would be  
more economical to let contracts and  
hold the contractors to a strict ex-  
ecution of their agreements. The work  
will be done under the direction of  
the engineers of the canal commission.  
There was some question whether the  
commission had legal authority to pur-  
sue such a course. Attorney General  
Moody, who was asked for an opinion,  
said the law providing for the con-  
struction of the canal leaves the  
method entirely to the discretion of  
the President and the commission.

### Pure Food Measure.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Representa-  
tive Lorimer of Chicago introduced  
the "Hopkins pure food bill" in the  
house, providing for the placing of  
food products under interstate com-  
merce law. The bill takes from the  
agricultural department the "entire  
control of making tests and experi-  
ments of foods and drinks. The ship-  
ment of any food product from one  
state to another is prevented if it is  
adulterated or misbranded in viola-  
tion of the food law of the state in  
which it is made.

### Delays Statehood Vote.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Speaker  
Cannon is not yet sure of votes  
enough to insure the passage of the  
statehood bill with a special rule for  
debating amendments. The bill will  
be brought before the house before  
the count is right, was the announce-  
ment made by the speaker.

### Deep Channel Bill.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Congressman  
Lorimer has reintroduced his bill pro-  
viding for a 14-foot channel from the  
great lakes to the Mississippi river  
and appropriating \$31,000,000 for the  
work.

### TOWN NEARLY WIPED OUT

#### Fire Does \$50,000 Damage to Hey- worth, Ill., Buildings.

Bloomington, Ill., Jan. 17.—The  
business district of the village of  
Heyworth, twelve miles south of here  
on the Illinois Central, was almost  
wiped out Tuesday night. The total  
loss is estimated at \$50,000. The  
losses included the postoffice, the Ma-  
sonic hall, T. W. Iseninger furniture,  
Cowden Brothers restaurant, Central  
Union Telephone exchange, Fishorn  
Telephone exchange, the Knights of  
Pythias building, with the millinery  
stock of Miss Etta Moore, Clark  
Brothers meat market and sausage  
factory, J. B. Rutledge, grocer, and  
William Delano, barber shop. In ad-  
dition numerous buildings of a minor  
character were destroyed. The flames  
wiped out two entire blocks and  
threatened the entire business dis-  
trict. Help was asked from this city,  
but the absence of water made the  
assistance useless.

### DOLLAR CHECK CALLS FOR \$1,987

#### Clever Fraud Detected in Clearing House at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 17.—A check  
on the First National Bank for \$1  
was raised to \$1,987 and cashed at a  
local bank. Detectives are now  
searching for Thomas F. Murphy, an  
employee of D. Marks & Son, East  
Fourth street, who is accused in a  
warrant of being the person who man-  
ipulated the paper. Murphy was  
bookkeeper for the firm named above  
and had charge of all the checks.  
Members of the firm refused to give  
any details of the transaction beyond  
admitting that it had occurred.

### Parole Editor Who Shot Man.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 17.—Gov.  
Polk has granted a parole to Charles  
Paterson, an editor of Marshall, Mo.,  
who shot and dangerously wounded  
former State Senator E. D. Martin  
two years ago. Paterson's condition  
is critical. He had served one month.

### Paid to Commit Perjury.

Goshen, Ind., Jan. 17.—Mrs. Rose  
Duch, testifying in a disbarment case  
here claimed she had been paid by  
Major Darrow of La Porte to give  
perjured testimony.

### Town Is Destroyed.

Little Rock, Jan. 17.—Russellville,  
Ark., has been destroyed by fire, in-  
volving a loss of \$250,000. The town  
had no water system or fire depart-  
ment.

### Wants ads. means business.

## Coming Auto Races.

Lively Year Ahead For Motor-  
ists—The Florida Beach  
Contests.

In 1906 there will be so many annual  
auto races that the makers will be  
kept busy, provided they care to take  
part in all of them. There will be the  
Ormond-Daytona meet this month, the  
Palm Beach auto boat tournament  
closely following that, then the Havana  
meet, then a meet on Pablo beach, near  
Jacksonville, and following that a race  
meet on the new beach near Galveston,  
discovered by E. H. R. Green.

Following close, with perhaps a  
month intervening, will come the Gladi-  
ator tour, starting next year at Buffalo  
and going to Toronto, Montreal, Que-  
bec, and returning via Portland and  
Mount Washington Lake Champlain  
and the Hudson river valley. Then  
will come the Burnville tire test, which  
will again be conducted by the New  
York Motor club.



HENRY OF FRANCE, WHO IS TO RACE IN  
FLORIDA.

York Motor club, and the six-day non-  
stop run, and then the economy test  
also will be conducted by the New  
York Motor club.

In all probability this test will be  
run from New York to Portland, Me.,  
returning via the White Mountain  
district. The beach at Old Orchard,  
Me., is to be opened probably at the  
time of the economy run. The Mount  
Washington hill climb may not be  
held, but all climbs in the famous  
Crawford Notch will be held at the  
time of the Gladiators tour and probably  
at the time of the economy run.

The Crawford Notch hill struck many  
an automobile on the late economy run.  
In addition to those events there will  
be the race in the spring for the E. R.  
Thomas trophy, the home industry race,  
the elimination trials in the fall and the  
final race either for the Vanderbilt cup  
or a cup to take its place, and regular  
races at Cape May and at Atlantic City,  
with races on another beach to be ex-  
ploited. Taken all in all, it will keep  
the makers busy to keep track of and  
compete in all the events.

Joe Tracy is now en route to Eu-  
rope with money to purchase the fast-  
est car possible for the Ormond meet.  
In addition to all of these well confirm-  
ed and reliable statements there are nu-  
merous reports of the coming of Eu-  
rope's greatest drivers—Lanola, Sizs,  
Dunay, Fabry, Clifford Esip, Jenatzy  
and Henery, winner of the Vanderbilt  
cup race.

### GREAT AMERICAN TENOR.

#### F. A. Gruber of New York Makes Op- eratic Hit in Italy.

A recent cablegram from Milan,  
Italy, tells of the striking operatic suc-  
cess scored by Francesco Gruber of  
New York. At the Verocelli theater,  
Verocelli, Italy, Mr. Gruber sang the  
leading tenor role of "La Traviata"  
with such brilliancy as to win the un-  
qualified approval of prominent Italian  
critics.

For several years Mr. Gruber has  
studied in Milan and Berlin under the  
leading masters, and his voice has the



F. A. GRUBER, NEW OPERATIC TENOR.

true Caruso quality. The similarity in  
appearance between Mr. Gruber and  
Caruso is such as to have won for him  
the appellation "Caruso the Second."

Mr. Gruber is a son of Colonel Abe  
Gruber, the well known leader in New  
York politics, and he is a grandson of  
one of Germany's foremost tenors. His  
grandfather was the first tenor in Ger-  
many to sing Wagnerian operatic roles  
under Wagner's direction.

Mr. Gruber's repertory is an extend-  
ed one, including the first tenor roles in  
"Lucia di Lammermoor," "Faust,"  
and "Cavalleria Rusticana." His dra-  
matic talents, too, have won recog-  
nition, and "Heinrich Conried" of the Met-  
ropolitan Opera House, New York, is  
reported to have offered the tenor a  
flattering contract for appearances in  
America next season.

J. E. McConnell, a La Crosse law-  
yer, will be a candidate for attorney  
general on the republican ticket, his  
friends say. He has not announced  
his candidacy. He has been a La  
Follette admirer.

# Blind Headache

"About a year ago," writes Mrs. Mattie Allen, of  
1123 Broadway, Augusta, Ga., "I suffered with blind sick  
headaches and backaches, and could get no relief until I tried

## WINE OF CARDUI

### A Non-Intoxicating Female Tonic

I immediately commenced to improve, and now I feel  
like a new woman, and wish to recommend it to  
all sick women, for I know that it will cure  
them as it did me."

Cardui is a pure, medicinal extract of  
vegetable herbs, which relieves female  
pains, regulates female functions,  
tones up female organs to a  
proper state of health. Try  
it for your trouble.

Every druggist sells  
it in \$1.00 bottles.

### WRITE US FREELY.

We want you to write  
us freely and frankly, de-  
scribing all your ailments. We  
employ a staff of specialists in female  
diseases, who will carefully consider  
your case and give you advice. Do not  
hesitate, but write us today, giving a complete  
history of your troubles, and we will send you  
plain instructions what to do next. All corre-  
spondence kept perfectly secret, and reply sent you in  
plain, sealed envelope. Address Ladies' Advisory Dept.,  
THE CHATTANOOGA MEDICAL CO., Chattanooga, Tenn.

## DR. SHALLENBERGER,

The regular and reliable Chicago  
Specialist, will be at

Myers Hotel, Friday Jan. 19

JANESVILLE, WIS.

(One day only), and return once ev-  
ery 25 days. Office hours from  
8 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.



Cures permanently the cases no undertakes  
but sends the incurable home without taking a  
fee from them. This is why he continues his  
visits year after year, while other doctors have  
made a few visits and stopped. Dr. Shallenber-  
ger is an eminently successful specialist in all  
chronic diseases, proven by the many cures  
collected in chronic cases which have baffled the  
skill of all other physicians. His hospital ex-  
perience and extensive practice have made him  
so proficient that he can name and locate a dis-  
ease in a few minutes.  
Treats all curable cases of Catarrh, Nose,  
Throat, and Lung diseases, Eye and Ear  
Diseases, Liver and Kidney, Gravel, Rheuma-  
tism, Paralysis, Neuritis, Nervous and Heart  
Diseases, Blood and Skin diseases, Epilepsy,  
Bright's Disease, and Consumption in early  
stages, diseases of the Bladder and Female Organs,  
Liquor and Tobacco habit. Stammering cured  
and sure methods to prevent its recurrence given.  
A novel and timely remedy for Rheumatism,  
GOUT, FISTULAE and RUPTURE guaran-  
teed cured without detention from business.  
Special attention given to all surgical  
cases, and all diseases of the Eye, Ear,  
Nose and Throat.  
Glasses fitted and guaranteed. Gruntled  
has Catarrh, Cross, Eyes, straightened without  
pain.

## NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Are you nervous and despondent, weak and  
debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition;  
less memory; poor easily fatigued; exaspe-  
rated; irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred;  
pimples on face; dreams and night terrors;  
less, haggard looking; weak back; deposit in  
conscience; lack of energy and strength?

## Sexual Weakness and Private Diseases a Specialty.

Blood Poison, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Stricture,  
Gleet, Spermatorrhea, Varicose, Hydrocele,  
Seminal Weakness and the effects of early Vice  
or excess, producing Emissions, Debility, Neu-  
ropathy, Dermatitis, Dizziness, Memory, etc.,  
which ruin mind and body. Positively cured.

## WONDERFUL CURES

Perfected in old cases which have been neg-  
lected or unskillfully treated. No experiments  
but cures thousands slain up to die.

## Consultation Free and Confidential.

Address,  
DR. W. E. SHALLENBERGER,  
145 Oakwood Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Reference: Great State Bank.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

Chil., Mil. & St. Paul. Leave. Arrive

Line	Train	Leave	Arrive
Kansas City, Ottumwa, Rock Island, Davenport, fast train	1	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Omaha and Denver	2	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	3	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	4	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	5	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	6	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	7	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	8	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	9	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	10	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	11	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	12	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	13	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	14	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	15	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	16	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	17	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	18	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	19	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	20	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	21	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	22	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	23	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	24	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	25	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	26	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	27	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	28	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	29	6:00 pm	11:15 am
Chicago, via Rock Island, fast train	30	6:00 pm	11:15 am

# Electricity in the Household

Electric lights are sanitary, as they do not consume  
the oxygen of the air, and are thereby specially adapted  
for the sleeping room and conservatory.

When properly installed, they are absolutely safe in  
regard to danger of fire. There can be no leaks, no  
asphyxiation, no explosions, or danger to children; no  
scratching of matches.

Electric lights are convenient and clean, require no  
care, are always ready to burn instantly without needing  
a new mantle, trimming or the like; and what has made  
them an absolute necessity, in a great many places, is  
that they can be lighted or extinguished from distant  
points while lamps are placed in locations where they  
are perfectly inaccessible.

We are making special rates to all new customers  
who are connected during this month. They will inter-  
est you.

# JANESVILLE ELECTRIC CO.,

BOTH PHONES ON THE BRIDGE

## Whitehead & Matheson, Attys.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—COUNTY COURT FOR  
ROCK COUNTY, IN PROBATE.

Notice is hereby given that at a special  
term of the county court, to be held in  
the city of Janesville, in said county, on the  
third day of February, 1906, at nine o'clock a. m., the following  
matter will be heard and considered:  
All claims against the estate of James Madison,  
deceased, of the city of Janesville, in said county, de-  
ceased.

All claims must be presented for allowance  
to said court, at the court house, in the city  
of Janesville, in said county, on or before the  
first day of July, 1906, or be barred.

Dated January 16th, 1906.

By the Court,  
J. W. BAILEY, County Judge.

Whitehead & Matheson, Attorneys.

wedjan16

E. D. McGowan, Atty.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT FOR  
ROCK COUNTY, IN PROBATE.

Notice is hereby given that at a special  
term of the county court, to be held in  
the city of Janesville, in said county, on the  
third day of February, 1906, at nine o'clock a. m., the following  
matter will be heard and considered:  
All claims against the estate of James Madison,  
deceased, of the city of Janesville, in said county, de-  
ceased.

All claims must be presented for allowance  
to said court, at the court house, in the city  
of Janesville, in said county, on or before the  
first day of July, 1906, or be barred.

Dated January 16th, 1906.

By the Court,  
J. W. BAILEY, County Judge.

E. D. McGowan, Atty. for Petitioner.

wedjan16

Worry is the mother of sick, nervous  
and troubled mentality, upsets  
the entire physical system. The body  
is a network of nerves. Hollister's  
Rocky Mountain Tea soothes and re-  
freshes the entire system. 35 cents  
per bottle. Smith Drug Co.



# The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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## CHAPTER XVI.

SERCOMBE was not so good as his word. So far from completing the bargain on the morrow, he never came near me, and I passed the day quite alone, save for the occasional visits of one of the Greeks bringing my food. I began to have a very intelligible view of the situation. Sercombe had been contented off the arrangement he had contemplated by the fear of his companion, or if that were not so, though I was now quite prepared to credit it, he deemed it wiser to postpone the adventure still further, in which case I might still keep my hopes alive and nourish an ambition of final success. But the truth was that each day lost was so much gained toward the accomplishment of Hood's object, and even as I sat and gnawed my fingers and reflected in this doleful mood the treasure was fast leaving the castle, passing into the possession of alien and bloody hands.

There was yet another alternative, about which I could not make up my mind. Hood might have bought the allegiance of his traitorous associate, and, if so, I wished them both joy of their bargain together. I would trust neither sercombe beyond the reach of my arms, or the audit of my ears, and I was pretty sure that neither would trust the other. Their whole association rested upon a mutual compact of greed, and it was odds but, the gold once under their hands, they would fall out in some mortal strife, according to the ancient proverb. If that should happen, perhaps, according to the ancient proverb, we, as representing honest men as nearly as possible in the circumstances, might come by our own, or, speaking more properly, some one else's own.

For the present I had gained nothing, and lay a disconsolate prisoner in that airy cell, guarded by watches of the Greeks. So far as I could determine, the defenders of the castle and the treasure were in a bad position, and there was nothing for it on my part but resignation with as civil a grace as might be. I had already taken account of the defenses of my prison and saw little prospect of escape. But I will confess that throughout the first day of my captivity I was somewhat under the influence of hope and hourly expected a conference with Sercombe. This, as you may imagine, drew my attention from the immediate scrutiny of my surroundings, but upon the morning of the second day, when Sercombe still failed to visit me, I cast about for other means of escape.

First of all, I examined the barn very carefully. It was a huge building and rose at the apex to a height of fifteen feet or more. The sides were of wood, but the top was composed of a skeleton of rafters, thickly coated with thatch. Two windows shone in the room, one at the back part and away from the door, the other inserted in one of the remaining walls. The door was, of course, kept locked, but by screwing my face against the side window and craning my neck I could see the figure of a man on guard, evidently at the foot of the ladder. There was little chance of breaking out this way. The second window gave on a low lying stable at the back, and beyond that were the great trees and pool, deeps of the forest. It was securely barred and fastened, and that, from all appearances, quite newly. The second exploration seemed to offer no more encouragement than the first, but I was not yet resigned to defeat, and sitting down upon the floor, I fell to thinking, mechanically opening a small penknife, which was in my pocket, and paring my nails.

I do not know if I were conscious of the act, but I remember that it was quite a long time, and when I had grown almost desperate in my counsels, that the advantage of this tiny weapon occurred to me. The wooden walls were not higher than six or seven feet, and above them, as I have explained, rose the superstructure of thatch to the pinnacle of the roof. I paused in my occupation and rose quickly, "By standing on a chair I



Together we struggled on the highway, could easily reach the thatch between the rafters, and without a momentary hesitation I plunged my knife into the mass of reeds. Sharp as a razor, the small blade cut through the straw of a stroke, with a slight rasping noise. My blood flowed in a strong stream of excitement. Here surely was a breach to the outer air.

But this was a venture to be essayed

by night and after my failings had retired for the evening, consequently I put aside the knife and waited very impatiently for the fall of dusk. It was not until 10 o'clock at night that I dared to make my experiment. By that time my supper had been cleared, and the Greeks had been gone for an hour. The barn was in solid darkness, which was all the better for my purpose, and getting upon my chair, I set to work at once among the straw of the thatch. If any one should come in from this point onward my adventure would be hopeless. I should stand confessed in my task and doubtless be doomed forthwith to a more secure and less comfortable prison. Therefore, the need of haste was the greater, and with fingers and knife I sheared through and tore asunder the thatch with the utmost celerity. The job was done too easy, and I sweated at the work, with my head buried under the debris of the straw and my throat clogging with the dry and rotten stubble. Yet I had worked hard and fast enough to have opened a hole two feet through the thatch in a couple of hours. Through this the night lower, of dark and somber upon me.

There was now no necessity for delay. Indeed, the necessity was all for instant action. I listened at the door and window for sounds of the sentry, but I could hear nothing. He might be asleep. At any rate, he lay upon the farther side of the barn, and I might hope to escape his notice by breaking over the stable into the wood. Hastening back, I got upon the chair and, pulling myself up by the rafters, gradually drew to the level of the hole. My head once outside, I breathed deeply of the purer air. Then, dragging up the rest of my body, I dropped gently to the ground beyond. It was a deeper fall than I had anticipated, and I came down with a certain clatter, but resting a moment in the shadows, I heard nothing. No alarm was raised. So, creeping to the stable, I climbed softly upon the roof and clambered across the eaves in the direction of the forest.

Suddenly a small noise arrested me, but ere I could collect my senses to determine it a dark body crept round a corner of the roof and grappled with me. I seized it fiercely, resolved to do battle for my liberty with all the strength at my command, and together we rolled and struggled on the housetop. Then my opponent gave a shrill whistle, and the next thing I was conscious of was the grasp of a fresh pair of arms from behind. After that I gave it up, more especially as we had rolled to the edge of the roof, and a royal of the struggle would send us over into the yard with broken limbs and bloody pates.

"If some one will take his foot out of my stomach," I said, "I will descend into the yard."

At that the tension upon me was relaxed, and I was pushed forward roughly to what appeared to be a tripod in the roof, down which I climbed, thrust brusquely from above. Here I found myself in a small loft above the stalls of the stable. My captors followed, and one of them struck a match, when the light fell upon Hood's face, from that familiar and sinister countenance my eyes glanced about me to several figures in the half light. I saw at once what had been my undoing, for this loft was used as a dormitory for the Greeks, and the noise of my passage along the roof had evidently alarmed them. At a gesture from Hood two of these brutes seized my arms, and I was forced to descend the ladder to the ground. I protested against this treatment, saying that I had given my word not to attempt to escape, and I suppose some sign suffered from Hood for the men suffered me to proceed unmolested, keeping, however, upon either side of me. We entered the inn by the back way, and I expected nothing more, but to be thrust into some dismal cellar, there to rot and fester until such time as my jailers were pleased to deliver me. To my surprise, however, I was taken into an inner parlor of the inn, where I was left to myself, the Greeks turning the key in the door as they retired. No word had been uttered upon their side throughout the scene. They moved like automata at the beck of the innkeeper. A lamp was burning on the table, which was covered with a green baize tablecloth, and the little window looked upon the road, where the sign of the Woodman, with his uplifted ax, was swinging gently.

Immediately afterward Sercombe entered, with Hood upon his heels. "I regret, Mr. Greator," said the adventurer, "that you should have so small a notion of us as to try this game." "It very nearly came off," I answered. "I grant you it was very ingenious. Mr. Hood and I have just been making some investigations, and I congratulate you on your fertility of idea. But your cleverness is only partial. You have never throughout the whole affair been through Mr. Greator, for which naturally you pay the penalty. He spoke very jauntily and plucked his mustache quite gaily, while I sickened me to see the blackguard there in this new role, who but forty-eight hours before had pledged his word to carry out another arrangement. But if he could betray his friends I had certainly no ground of complaint that he should also betray me. I don't suppose it cost him a moment's scruple. Indeed, looking at him there, I brought myself for

the first time almost to prefer Hood to him. Hood at least was a frank enemy, diabolic though he might be. "I am going to ask you, Mr. Greator," went on Sercombe, "to pass your word to make no effort to escape to night."

"I see no reason why not," I said, somewhat bitterly. "If I do not, I certainly think better of you than to suppose you will let me break out again. I pass my word. Take it, and have done with it." "That is right," he answered cheerfully. "You will find an excellent soft bed, though it is soft in the springs." And the two retired, leaving me to the night and my own angry thoughts. I was punctually called and punctually served the next morning by Hood himself, who, whatever his faults, was a capital servant. He said nothing beyond making the customary inquiries of a landlord, and if I had been in any other mood than that of desperate despair, the irony of that "Tea or coffee, sir," would have tickled my sense of the ludicrous. But I was not disposed to talk, and so I was equally silent with him. Nor was my quietude broken until, some two hours later, when Sercombe entered. "Look here, Mr. Greator," said he quickly, "if we're not careful, this little enterprise of ours will be taken clean out of our hands."

"I thought," I observed, "that the game was over, wondering all the time what he was meaning."

"Yes, and no," said he, "but there's a snip, twixt the cup and the lip, and you don't know what has been happening while you've been here."

"In other words," I answered, "my friends may not have been caught as easily as myself, although you will note that I still have that key."

"I fancied that he would, but he went on hastily. "That is so, and besides, in any case, you are bound by your compact of silence."

"If you will tell me what you are driving at," I began.

"See here, sir," he broke in. "There's been a deal of talk in the countryside, and what with that mutton faced fool Jones, suspicious, the authorities have begun to smell a rat."

"I am very sorry for you," said I dryly. "I understood that he had not a high opinion of you."

"His opinion be damned," he retorted, "but I won't have any interference—no, I take it, will you."

"No," I prefer my prison, naturally, I declared.

"What I want to tell you is this," he resumed, paying no heed to my sarcasm. "It seems that Jones and the other meddler have got wind of your disappearance. The police have been scouring the Gwent, and what must the beast do but cast his suspicious eyes on me."

He dropped his voice. "They are outside now, said Hood is parleying with them. They've got that silly ass of a person with them, who is by way of being my friend. He's taken to me mightily because I had a brother or a cousin at Rugby, and nothing must serve them but that they must make investigations in the inn."

"I shrugged my shoulders. "Upon my word, I don't see what I can do for you," I said.

"Yes, you do," he replied sharply. "I have told the sergeant that you are here right enough, but are staying with me as my guest. He swears he must see you and find out for himself. And the parson, amiable embarrassed, rows I am being insulted. However, there you are."

"Very well," said I slowly, "let them be."

Sercombe scrutinized me keenly, as though he would read my soul, and then, apparently satisfied, left the room.

In another moment a knock sounded at the door, and Hood, flinging it open, said, "Gentlemen to see you, sir."

The little parson entered, followed by the sergeant who had called at the castle. I looked up from my books and rose instantly.

"How do you do, vicar?" I said, offering him a hand. "Good day, sergeant."

"The policeman was taken back and stared at me sheepishly, but the parson turned to him triumphantly.

"I told you so, Jones," he declared. "I am not in the habit of doubting Captain Sercombe's word."

"Gentlemen," I said, feigning astonishment, "may I ask what is this?"

"Oh, it's an absurd piece of business from the start," said the vicar emphatically.



I took the parson's arm and walked out into the roadway.

actly. "What is coming over the police I don't know. No man of position is safe from them."

"You would think if he had a cousin at Rugby, it would be sufficient," interrupted the suave voice of Sercombe.

The vicar turned. "Precisely, captain," he said eagerly. "I think I did my best to explode the foolish notion."

"May I ask, gentlemen," I began, but Sercombe interrupted.

"There was a notion that you were being detained by force," he said, smiling.

I laughed. "By force. Is every man who spends a couple of days with a friend to become a case of abduction?"

"Very well put, sir," approved the Rev. Mr. Morgan. "I was never at Rugby myself, but I had an uncle who—"

"Excuse me, sir," said Jones obstinately. "do your friends know where you are?"

(To be continued.)

## SIMON SMITH IN LENGTHY TALK

Continued From Page 2.

the neighborhood of \$3,500 to equip, and that about \$1,000 of this would have to go for incidentals, and the balance for the filing cases.

Mr. Smith said that was true but that it was the intention of the committee at that time to build up on two sides clear to the ceiling. It was later decided to be a better policy to put in only half that amount and let the balance be provided when they should be necessary some years hence.

Never Denied Changing Bids. The gentleman (Coudrey) had said that the bids were never changed. Mr. Smith denied ever having made such an assertion. No one from the Gazette Printing Co's office had ever spoken a word to him regarding the bids.

To the street man of the Beloit News he had said that the charges appearing in the first named newspaper were the vapors of a disgruntled bidder. Not only was there a change made but the committee also had a right to permit this being made. Two of the bids were in before the November meeting of the board. Mr. Coudrey telephoned and asked if the committee was ready to open them.

The speaker asked him if he had filed his bid and he said that he had not. For some reason he wouldn't leave it with the clerk. When the bids were opened that of the Ohio firm was found to be \$1,045, that of the Library Bureau \$1,520, and that of the Art Metal Co. \$1,575. The committee told all of the bidders that they would consider the matter and probably do something about it at the meeting on December 1st.

Anteater Metal Backs. Examined there were found to be some differences in construction. The county officers in the court house, upon being asked which sort of construction they preferred, designated the filing cases with the metal backs. The speaker took the matter up with the Art Metal Co. without informing that concern what the other prices had been, and asked what changes in price would be made if metal backs were substituted for wood. The reply was to the effect that the price in that event would be \$1,500. When the committee voted to have the substitution made they allowed the Art Metal Co. to change its bid. No one had denied that the original bid was not the one now on file. The Art Metal Co. was allowed to submit a new one that the records might be kept straight. After Mr. Smith had finished speaking a letter from the Art Metal Co. was read wherein that concern made the statement that it had had the opportunity before any bids were submitted to enter into a combine with other manufacturers on the same line to hold up Rock county \$2,500 on this contract, but that it (the Art Metal Co.) was not doing that kind of business.

District Attorney Talks. District Attorney Newhouse, when called upon, summed up the whole matter as follows: "The committee did not advertise for bids. Had it done so it would have been necessary to stand by the specifications. So it acted, as it had done in the past, and referred the matter to one house. No call was made on other houses. The committee was at liberty to accept what it liked. I don't find any law to compel the committee to advertise for bids in such a case. But even supposing they had advertised, the calls would have reserved the right to accept that of the lowest and BEST bidder, and in my opinion they would have had the right to accept the lowest and best. Inasmuch as they did not advertise, they were at liberty to allow the bids to be changed."

Am uneasiness see anything out of the way. Whether or not it was wise, of course, remains with the board to decide. If they had called for bids the proposition might have been a somewhat different one. As the case stood, those who came in to bid made their own specifications. Because of this latter fact it was obviously necessary to straighten the matter out with the bidders."

Conversation Becomes General. Supervisor Gettle: "As I understand it, there has never been any question as to whether or not they acted legally."

Supervisor Smith: "I called on the district attorney because it had been intimated that we acted contrary to law."

Supervisor Gettle: "Well, I do not read the 'Janesville Gazette'."

District Attorney Newhouse: "Well, I read the 'Janesville papers' and I made an investigation of this matter as soon as it arose. (With a smile.) If there was any graft there was a chance to cover myself with glory, but I found none in Janesville."

Supervisor Woodruff: "The fault is in the whole board. Mr. Smith said that the committee didn't care to advertise for bids. The fault is with the board—that it doesn't ask questions enough about these matters."

Supervisor Smith: "In some jobs it might pay to have an expert draw up plans and specifications. But the cost of advertising in the four papers of Rock county is considerable. The 'Janesville papers' charged \$25 for the advertisements of the vault building plans. On a similar occasion some years ago the 'Janesville Gazette' charged \$37 while the 'Beloit papers' only received \$17. We subsequently made the Gazette cut it down to \$25."

Supervisor Gettle said that it had never occurred to him that anything dishonest had been done. The only question was: Had the bidders been treated in the manner Rock county wanted a reputation for treating them? He thought that a memorial or resolution should be offered and passed, exonerating the committee of any suspicion of dishonesty but passing judgment as to whether they acted fairly in letting the bids. In his opinion it would have been fairer, if there were to be changes in the specifications on the part of one, that the others should have known. The meeting adjourned until Wednesday morning.

Wants a Main Business. Buy it in Janesville.

## Labor Notes

Interesting facts are being constantly demonstrated relative to the economic advantages resulting from the movement to reduce the hours of labor to eight per day. It is clearly shown that there has been neither diminution in the quantity produced, nor has the quality of work deteriorated by reason of the shorter work day.

There were 204,000 paid-up members of the United Mine Workers last month, the greatest in its history. Of this number over \$8,000 were in the three anthracite regions.

With a future membership of over 100,000 easily possible, the Pittsburgh local of the Women's Union Labor League was organized recently. The object of the organization is to foster the sale of union-label goods among the wives, sisters and children of union men in the great Pittsburgh district, all of whom are eligible to membership.

The Japanese in California were increased in numbers from 112,000 in 1890 to 40,000 in 1903.

It is estimated that there are 5,000 employed in domestic service in San Francisco alone.

Seventy-three industrial disputes are waiting a hearing in the New South Wales arbitration court.

The National Civic Federation has done so much good work and has proved itself so fertile a source of helpful industrial endeavor that the announcement that it has seriously taken up the subject of immigration must cause general rejoicing among the representatives of American labor. The need of radical legislation aiming at the restriction of immigration is one of the most pressing needs by which the working men of the United States are confronted.

An Unmasked Costume Box Social will be given in Holbrook's hall, Thursday evening, January 18. A short program will be rendered. Proceeds to be used in repairing the U. B. church and sheds.

GRUNDY BEET GROWERS ASSOCIATION TO MEET THURSDAY, THIS WEEK

There will be a meeting of the Grundy Beet Growers' association and Schoo company at the Schoemaker school-house Thursday evening, Jan. 18th.

W. H. HUGHES, Pres., A. E. SHULTZ, Sec.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PIZZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Very Low Rates to the Mardi Gras at New Orleans, to Mobile, Pensacola and Winter Resorts.

Via the North-Western line. On account of the Mardi Gras, excursion tickets with certain stop-over privileges will be sold to New Orleans, Mobile and Pensacola, Feb. 21 to 25, inclusive, also on Feb. 26, for trains arriving at destination by noon of Feb. 27, with favorable return fares. Excursion tickets are also on sale daily at reduced rates to the principal winter resorts in the United States and Mexico. For full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R.R.

Sometimes nervous woman's afflictions are imaginary. Again they are a form of actual and terrible illness. In any event, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well. A great nerve tonic. 25 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

Fireman Dies of Burns.

Stroudsburg, N. J., Jan. 17.—Caught under the fire box of his locomotive, Fireman Howard McCloskey died of burns and scalds.

Children Are Cremated.

Nevada, Ky., Jan. 17.—Two children of William Morse were fatally burned in a fire which destroyed their home.

Shoots Wife and Self.

Philadelphia, Jan. 17.—Lester Bonawitz, a machinist, aged 34, killed himself after fatally shooting his wife.

Babe Burns to Death.

Charlotte, Mich., Jan. 17.—An infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sykes was burned to death.

## SORES THAT DO NOT HEAL

Whenever a sore or ulcer does not heal, no matter on what part of the body it may be, it is because of a poisoned condition of the blood. This poison may be the remains of some constitutional trouble, the effect of a long spell of sickness, which has left this vital stream polluted and weak, or because the natural refuse matter of the body, which should pass off through the channels of nature, has been left in the system and absorbed into the circulation. It does not matter how the poison became entrenched in the blood, the fact that the sore is there and does not heal is evidence of a deep, underlying cause. There is nothing that causes more discomfort, worry and anxiety than a festering, discharging old sore that resists treatment. The very sight of it is abhorrent and suggests pollution and disease; besides the time and attention required to keep it clean and free from other infection. As it lingers, slowly eating deeper into the surrounding flesh, the sufferer grows morbidly anxious, fearing it may be cancerous. Some of those afflicted with an old sore or ulcer know how useless it is to expect a cure from salves, powders, lotions and other external treatment. Through the use of these they have seen the place begin to heal and scab over, and were congratulating themselves that they would soon be rid of the detestable thing, when a fresh supply of poison from the blood would cause the inflammation and old discharge to return and the sore would be as bad or worse than before. Sores that do not heal are not due to outside causes; if they were, external treatment would cure them. They are kept open because the blood is poisoned, which finds an outlet through these places. While young people, and even children, sometimes suffer with non-healing sores, those most usually afflicted are persons past middle life. Often, with them, a wart or mole on the face inflames and begins to ulcerate from a little rough handling, or a deep, offensive ulcer develops from a slight cut or bruise. Their vital energies and powers of resistance have grown less, and circulation weaker, and perhaps some taint in the blood, which was held in check by their stronger constitutions of early life, shows itself. It is well to be suspicious of any sore that does not heal readily, because the same germ that produces Cancer is back of every old sore and only needs to be left in the circulation to produce this fatal disease. There is only one way to cure these old sores and ulcers, and that is to get every particle of the poison out of the blood. For this purpose nothing equals S. S. S. It goes down to the very bottom of the trouble, cleanses the blood and makes a permanent cure. S. S. S. enriches and freshens the circulation so that it carries new, strong blood to the diseased parts and allows the place to heal naturally. When this is done the discharge ceases, the sore scabs over and fills in with healthy flesh, and the skin regains its natural color. Book on Sores and ulcers and any medical advice desired will be furnished without charge.

I have had a crippled foot all my life, which compelled me to use a brace. By some unaccountable means this brace caused a bad Ulcer on my leg, about six years ago. I had good medical attention, but the Ulcer got worse. I was induced to try S. S. S., and am glad to say it cured me entirely, and I am convinced that it saved my leg for me. I have, therefore, great faith in S. S. S., and gladly recommend it to all needing a reliable blood medicine. W. J. CATZ, Bristol, Va., Tenn.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

**S.S.S.**  
PURELY VEGETABLE.  
It goes down to the very bottom of the trouble, cleanses the blood and makes a permanent cure. S. S. S. enriches and freshens the circulation so that it carries new, strong blood to the diseased parts and allows the place to heal naturally. When this is done the discharge ceases, the sore scabs over and fills in with healthy flesh, and the skin regains its natural color. Book on Sores and ulcers and any medical advice desired will be furnished without charge.

**NONE SUCH** MOST DELICIOUS PIES, FRUIT CAKES, PUDDINGS AND COOKIES. In 2-Pie 10c PACKAGES. MERRELL-SOULE CO. SYRACUSE, NEW YORK. **MINCE MEAT**

**LIFE IN WASHINGTON**  
BOTH SOCIAL AND OFFICIAL, IS DESCRIBED IN OUR NEW STORY

**The Man on the Box**  
By HAROLD MacGRATH  
Author of "The Grey Cloak," "The Puppet Crown,"

It is an unusually clever story in which a young army officer, a retired colonel and his pretty daughter and a Russian spy are the leading characters. The kind of a story that has snap, action and interest in every line; a story written for American readers.

IT WILL BEGIN IN THIS PAPER WITHIN A SHORT TIME. WATCH FOR IT.

# LIFE DEATH HEALTH

FOR THE LUNGS TO ALL DISEASES OF BOTH THROAT

## DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

### FOR CONSUMPTION

**Cured of Consumption in Its Final Stages:**  
J. O. R. Hooper, a merchant, of Woodford, Tenn., writes: "Fifty witnesses here, will swear that Dr. King's New Discovery cured Mrs. Mollie Holt of Consumption after her family had watched at her bedside for the end, which doctors said was near."

**SUREST CURE IN THE WORLD FOR COUGHS AND COLDS!**  
**Price 50c and \$1.00 GUARANTEED Trial Bottles Free**  
**SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY**  
**PEOPLE'S DRUG CO. AND KING'S PHARMACY.**



# GOING LIKE WILDFIRE!

**Goods Have Been Selling at Our Great Annual Clearance Sale Fast and Furious.**

As we announced at the beginning of this big bargain event, hundreds of dollars worth of high grade merchandise must be moved, as it is a strict rule of the Ziegler store that stock shall be reduced to the lowest notch prior to inventory time. To accomplish this, we planned a series of unprecedented value-giving sales, at which times profits were chopped off and in many instances part of the cost. The result has been the most successful pre-inventory sale in the history of this store, and economical buyers have kept us busy since the opening day. And yet there is room for more. Hosts of mighty values greet you on every hand, and you'll be surprised to see how far your money will go here. The key to success is in doing what you say, and saying what you do. That's the Ziegler way of doing business, and every article advertised and every price quoted has the Ziegler guarantee back of it.

## MORE SNAPS-They won't last long-a still further cut

6804 is a long Ryton shape, very swell, fine wool, mixed, serge lining; pattern dark gray stripe; velvet collar. Sizes left: 35, 36 and 38. A \$20, coat at

**6.50**

6805 is a short Overcoat, size 36, sold at \$18.00; color fancy gray stripe at

**6.50**

6715 is a dark blue Kersey Overcoat, in size 48, cut medium long; a \$15.00 coat at

**6.50**

6806 is a Black Cheviot, medium weight Overcoat which sold at \$20.00 and worth every cent of it; sizes 38 and 39 left at

**6.50**

6588 is a medium-length heavy gray Cheviot Overcoat; price was \$18.50; sizes left: 35, 36, 2-37, 38; five coats at

**6.50**

4371--One 35 size Black Patent Beaver Ulster at

**6.50**

6975 a Black Cravenette coat, size 37, sold at \$18.00. An all wool Cheviot coat, this season's style, H. S. & M. make at

**10.**

6949, One light Gray Cravenette, size 35, sold at \$18.00, goes at

**10.**

No. 10, One size 44, gray mixed Worsted Cravenette. Priestly make. A very stylish and durable coat, sold at \$10.00, now

**7.**

8208, 1 Dark Oxford Cravenette, Priestly make, size 35, sold at \$12.00, now

**7.50**

6097, Gray Frieze, fancy plaid Worsted, lined, sizes 35 and 36, sold at \$12. We don't want to carry over 1 ulster. These 2 go at

**3.25**

6098, One Black Frieze, plain lined, sold at \$13.50, size 35 goes at

**5.**

6027, 1-34 Black fancy lined, all wool, frieze sold at \$12.00, now

**3.25**

5574, One Gray Frieze, fancy lined size 35. A \$12.00 coat at

**3.**

Your choice of five Chinchilla Ulsters, sizes 2-35, 3-36. This coat was \$15.00 at

**7.50**

6917, One Cravenette, dark Oxford color, satin shoulder, size 36. An \$18.00 coat at

**10.**

No. 51, One Cravenette, Priestly make, size 36, color brown. A \$12.00 coat at

**7.**

7534, One Marlboro style Cravenette, size 40, tan color. A \$15.00 coat at

**8.**

7533, One Dark Oxford Cravenette, Marlboro style. A \$12.00 coat at

**7.**

1-40, 1-42 Dark Gray Stout (Stein Block) Spring Overcoats, handsomely lined, good styles. \$18.00 coats at

**10.**

4776, 1-42 Stout Top Coat (Stein Block make) sold at \$18.00, to close

**5.**

6238, 1-42 Stout H. S. & M. make Top Coat, sold at \$12.00, now

**5.**

We have a small line of Macintoshes, running in sizes 36 and 38, formerly sold at \$6.50 to \$8.50. Your choice

**5.**

**Every Suit and Overcoat in the store is offered at a big reduction during this sale. The biggest clearance sale in the history of our store is now on. It will be to your interest to visit us before you make a purchase anywhere, as we will go them one or two better on anything you buy.**

## A Still Further and Deeper Cut in Our Boys' and Children's Department

Boys' Heavy Double Breasted Fancy Belt Overcoats, 12 to 17 yrs., \$7 qualities. **\$5.75**

Boys' \$10 Overcoats (we have an immense line of these) in plain Cheviots with velvet collar or the belted back either single or double breasted. Many styles to select from. Price now. **\$7.50**

Children's \$2.50 and \$3.00 Overcoats, ages 4 to 10 years, at. **1.95**

On every Child's Suit we will sacrifice. A big reduction from every price. Tell us you come to attend the big reduction sale and we will do the rest for you. Everything as advertised.

Boys' \$5.00 Reefers at. **\$3.50**

Boys' Double Breasted Irish Frieze Reefers with storm collars, ages 7 to 16, \$4.50 and \$5.00 qualities, at. **\$3.38**

Children's \$3.50 and \$4.00 Overcoats, ages 4 to 10 years, at. **\$2.98**

Children's \$5.00 Overcoats, ages 4 to 10 years, at. **3.50**

Children's \$6.00 Overcoats, ages 5 to 10 years, at. **4.50**

Children's \$5.00 Reefers, ages 5 to 12 years, at. **3.50**

Boys' \$4.00 Overcoats, 12 to 16 years, at. **\$2.98**

Boys' \$6 Overcoats, fancy Cheviots, belted back, ages 12 to 16; a handsome coat. **4.55**

Boys' \$8.00 Fancy Belted Overcoats, very stylish, go at. **6.25**

**SPECIAL**---All of the Wilson Bros., Elgin, Manhattan, Columbia and Peyser fancy Stiff and Soft Bosom Shirts, all \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00 qualities, which have been formerly advertised at 69c, go now at, for a choice. **50c**

Read this ad. carefully and notice every price we make. There may be some of these articles closed out when you come, but bring this copy with you and call for what you want and we will give you the ZIEGLER guarantee that if it is in the store you shall have it at the price advertised, whether we lose money on it or not.

# T. J. ZIEGLER CLOTHING CO.